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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIII NO. 157 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

ENGLAND ROUTED IN SECOND TEST

South Africa Wins Match By 157 Runs

MITCHELL'S BIG INNINGS (164 NOT OUT)

Balaskas And Langton Capture 8 Wkts. For 86 Runs

South Africa won the second Test Match by 157 runs. England were all out in their second innings for 151 runs.

DESERVED VICTORY.

South Africans' victory was thoroughly deserved. They adapted themselves better to the conditions. Balaskas and Langton between them, dismissed eight England batsmen conceding only 86 runs. Seven of the England wickets toppled before tea.

UNBEATEN WITH 164

Bruce Mitchell who opened the tourists' innings on Monday was unbeaten with 164 the highest individual score of the match. His partnership with Langton for the seventh wicket produced 101 runs.

THE SCORES:

South Africa	*1st*	*Innings*	*238*
South Africa	*2nd*	*Innings*	*278 for 7wkts. Declared*
England	*1st*	*Innings*	*198*
England	*2nd*	*Innings*	*151*

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, July 2.

When the third and last day's play in the second Test Match between England and South Africa commenced before a crowd of 5,000 the weather was brightening up after dull morning following a severe thunderstorm at 4/45 a.m. The wicket was covered at both ends, but the blankets had to be utilised to soak up the water on some patches. The wicket recovered rapidly and there was no delay in commencing the play. Ames slightly strained his leg muscle while fielding, but will bat probably with a runner.

SLOW SCORING.

Bowlers made liberal use of saw dust. Verity was very steady and was turning out appreciably. The first three overs were maidens and a lot more maidens came later with the result that scoring was very slow. Nichols tied up Mitchell, Hammond was very unlucky. Holmes dropping Langton off a delivery from the Gloucestershire all rounder. Mitchell and Langton were batting with 148 and 28 respectively, with the total at 246 for 6.

INNINGS DECLARED.

Mitchell was playing very cautiously, while Langton attempted to force the pace and executed dangerous strokes. With a late cut off Verity Mitchell completed his individual 150 and simultaneously sent up 250 when the innings had lasted 5 hours. Hammond came on at 263 and met with almost immediate success Langton being caught and bowled by Hammond for 44 (278/7/44). Mitchell was not out with 164. South Africa declared at the fall of Langton's wicket.

MITCHELL'S CLASSIC PLAY.

During his stay at the wicket of 5 hours and 36 minutes Mitchell gave an exhibition of classic cricket. Cutting and off driving, he hit 17 fours. He was very slow latterly, taking 95 minutes for 35 runs this morning. Langton's score included four boundaries.

ENGLAND GOES TO BAT

But Meet With Disaster

With 309 runs to make before the close of play to-day to win the match, England opened their second innings through Wyatt and Sutcliffe. Wyatt had the heavy roller over the wicket. Hart the Middlesexite, ran for Sutcliffe who was content to the leave scoring to Wyatt who was confident and not worried by Bell's leg-trap. Wyatt and Sutcliffe were batting with 11 and 6 respectively with the total at 17 for no loss at lunch interval.

WYATT OUT

The weather was sunny and attendance increased to 10,000 when play was resumed after lunch Balaskas in his second over had Wyatt almost beaten with a terrific spinner and in the same over Wyatt pulled a short one into the wicket for 16 (24|1|16). Sutcliffe was batting with 8.

SECOND WICKET FALLS

Sutcliffe played more confidently and hooked Bell to the boundary but Leyland was bowled by Crisp with a violent inswinger for four (45|2|4), Sutcliffe being not out with 21.

QUICK FALL OF WICKETS.

Fifty of the innings was hoisted in 80 minutes. Hammond played Crisp. Mitchell and Balaskas with confidence and effortless offdriving and leg glancing, but Langton pegged down the batsmen. Hammond snicked Langton and was caught by Cameron for 27 (89/3/27). Hammond's innings lasted 50 minutes. In the next over Sutcliffe mistimed a half volley and was out lbw to Langton for 38 (90/4/38). Sutcliffe was at the wicket for 2 hours and 10 minutes. Ames and Holmes were now together. Holmes was bowled by Langton in blindly hitting out a good length ball (102/5/8) Ames was out lbw to Langton under the new rule. (111/6/8) Langridge was the next man in and was missed by Nourse at silly point when he had scored 6 runs.

Farrimond who joined Langridge was bowled offstump by Crisp (129/7/13). At tea Lang-

(Continued on page 7.)

'QUAKE SHOCK FELT AGAIN

(From Our Correspondent.)
QUETTA, July 2.

Tremors continue to be felt here, rather a bad one having occurred about 2 a.m. to-day, when many persons sleeping in their beds were awakened from their slumber.

COMMUNAL AWARD IS SAFE

Mr. Robin Chatterji and the doctors who attended on him during his endurance swimming test in the Tilak Tank at Poona. Mr. Chatterji was awarded a gold medal and a silver cup by the members of the Deccan Gymkhana.
From left Mr. Kenjale, President, Poona Municipality; Prof. Talim, Secretary, Deccan Gymkhana; Mr. Chatterji; the others are doctors.

No Cause For Alarm

COMMUNALISTS ASSURED

Award Amendment Only On Mutual Agreement, Say Govt.

SIMLA, July 2.

The Government of India's Communique authorised by His Majesty's Government says that recently the impression has been created in some quarters that what is now Clause 304 of the Government of India Act gives His Majesty's Government unfettered power to alter the Communal Award at any time they think fit. The communique explains fully that this is not so and ends with the assurance.

"That within the range of the Communal Award His Majesty's Government would not propose in the exercise of any powers conferred by this Clause to recommend to Parliament any change unless such change had been agreed betwen the communities concerned".—A. P.

TEXT OF COMMUNIQUE

SIMLA, July 2.

The Government of India is authorised by His Majesty's Government to issue the following:—

"It has come to the notice of His Majesty's Government that the (?) impression that what is now Clause 304 of the Government of India Bill (numbered 285 in Bill as introduced and 299 in Bill as amended by the Commons in Committee) has been amended during the passage of the Bill through the Commons in such a way as to give His Majesty's Government unfettered power to alter at any time they may think fit the constitutional provisions based on what is commonly known as Government's Communal Award seems prevalent. His Majesty's Government think it desirable to give the following brief explanation both of what they consider is the practical effect of Clause 304 in relation to any change in the Communal Award and their own policy in relation to any such change.

POWER UNDER NEW CLAUSE

Under this clause there is conferred on the Government and to Legislatures in India, after the expiry of ten years, the right of initiating a proposal to modify the provisions and regulating various matters relating to the Constitution of he Legislature including such questions as were covered by the Communal Award. The clause also imposes on the Secretary of State the duty of laying before Parliament from the Governor-General or the Governor, as the case may be, his opinion as to the proposed amendment and in particular as to the effect which it would have on the interest of any minority and of informing Parliament of any action which he proposed to take. Any change in the constitutional provisions resulting from this procedure can be effected by an Order-in-Council, but this is (- subject to the proviso that) the draft of the proposed Order has been affirmatively approved by both Houses of Parliament by resolution. This condition is secured by Clause 305 of Bill.

ITS SCOPE

Before the expiry of ten years there is no similar constitutional initiative residing in the Governments and the Legislatures of India. Power is, however, conferred by the Cause to make such a change by an Order-in-Council

Continued On Page 8

Indian Merchants Meet Commerce Secretary

OTTAWA LOOMS LARGE IN DISCUSSIONS

Stewart Vigorously Defends Government Policy

"Chronicle Special"

Important problems affecting the commercial community were discussed at the meeting held at the premises of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, on Tuesday, when prominent businessmen of the City conferred with Mr. T. A. Stewart, Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce Department, who is on a short visit to the City.

Mr. Manu Subedar, President of the Chamber, initiated the discussion on behalf of the Business interests of Bombay.

It is understood that discussions ranged over a variety of subjects, affecting the commercial interests.

(1) The Viceroy's refusal of permission to introduce a Bill in the Bombay Council to secure the appointment of an Indian Chairman to the Bombay Port Trust.

(2) Trade restrictions and their repercussions on India's foreign trade, sequel to Ottawa.

(3) The handicaps which Indian nationals engaged in trade are undergoing in foreign countries.

(4) Reported settlement between the maritime States of Kathiawar and the Government of India regarding Customs.

And other topics like Insurance legislation, revision of the Indian Companies' Act, and the appointment of Trade Commissioners, are reported to have loomed large in the discussions.

Mr. T. A. Stewart gave a patient hearing to the representation of the Indian Merchants and at the same time presented before them the viewpoint of the Government.

Though he refused to be drawn into discussion on the Viceroy's action in connection with Mr. Tairsee's Bill, he is reported to have assured that the policy of Indianisation stands good.

He is also reported to have refuted the contention of the businessmen that Ottawa was responsible for trade restrictions and penalties. He was, however, prepared to consider the proposal on the licensing system or any other suggestion emanating from the commercial bodies.

Regarding the reported Customs Settlement between the maritime states of Kathiawar, Mr. Stewart is reported to have stated that newspaper reports are premature, and that no decision has been arrived at between the contending parties on customs appropriation. He is reported to have remarked that the question referred more to the Finance Department than to the Commerce Department.

MERCHANTS MEET MR. STEWART

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A very important meeting between the Committee of the Indian Merchants Chamber and Mr. T. A. Stewart, Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce Department, who arrived here from Simla took place this morning at the premises of the Chamber. Almost all the Members of the Committee, including several distinguished Businessmen were present.

This was the first time after a long interval that an important Official of the Government of India responded to the invitation of the Indian Merchants Chamber to meet and discuss matters relating to the Economical and commercial interests of the country.

Mr. Manu Subedar, the President of the Chamber initiated discussion on behalf of the committee.

At the outset, Mr. Subedar drew the attention of the Secretary to the Government to the representation made by the Chamber about the Indianisation of the Higher Port Trust Services and the withholding by the Governor-General the permission to ntroduce a bill in the Bombay Legislative Council to secure the appointment of an Indian Chairman to the Bombay Port Trust. He requested the Secretary to make a reassuring Statement on the subject indicating the intentions and policy of the Government.

OTTAWA AND AFTER

The next subject discussed was about the Trade restrictions abroad, and their repercussions on India's foreign Trade. The committee viewed with alarm the effects of various restrictions in the form of prohibitions, monopolies quotas, exchange restrictions, license system etc., imposed by various European countries during the last few years on India's export trade, and it was submitted that the restrictions were brought into operations from 1933 i.e., soon after the Ottawa trade agreement came into being. India's best customers who bought more than they sold to India were Germany, France, Italy, and Japan, but not Great Britain and the British Dominions. The adoption of measures hostile to Indian trade by these countries which may be partly in self protection of their exchange and partly as a protest against discrimination by India,

(Continued on Page 7)

PEACE CARD FOR SEAT IN PARLIAMENT

Lloyd George Declares 'Come Back' To Active Life

LONDON, July 2.

Mr. Lloyd George announced his return to politics in a speech at a meeting in London to-day, where a resolution was moved by Mr. Lloyd George was passed favouring the establishment of a "Council of Action" to secure the return to the next Parliament of representatives pledged to give effect to the policy, of peace and reconstruction Mr. Lloyd George who presided warmly shook hands with Lord Snowden who appeared on the platform along with Sir Herbert Samuel.

Mr. Lloyd George said that he had been pressed for some time, especially by a considerable number of people who were disillusioned by all the parties, to return to active lifes he had done so reluctantly, but he meant to go through with it.

He proceeded to denounce the growth of armaments on which he said, the world was now spending 1,000 million sterling every year compared to 700 millions a decade ago. He asserted that Government missed many chances. He declared that he was told that Germany offered to abolish submarines and we were not prepared to accept it. He hoped the report was inaccurate and expressed the opinion that the international uneasiness largely due to economic troubles and if nations could find a wise solution for the economic difficulties, the war temper would gradually vanish.—Reuter.

ITALO-ABYSSINIAN COMMISSION

Will Commence Hearing From To-morrow

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
SCHEVENINGEN, July 2.

The Italo Abyssinian Commission has finished the study of the documents connected with the Italo-Abyssinian dispute at the Plenary session this morning and will start hearing the statements of the agents of both the countries and witnesses to the incidents to-morrow.

Prof. Gastonjeze of the Paris University who is acting as agent to Ethiopia has arrived to-day.

Stop Press On Page 8

STREET FIGHT IN REGINA

Canadian Police Open Fire On Strikers

CLASH AT RELIEF CAMP

CANADA, July 2.

A constable was battered to death by the strikers and 50 persons injured while scores suffered from the effects of the teargas as the result of the conflict of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police with the mob at the relief camp of the strikers who recently arrived at Regina from British Columbia 'en route' to Ottawa to submit their grievances to the Government.

The Government received the strikers' deputation, but stopped the main body at Regina. Trouble began when the police started to disperse the open air meeting of 3,000 persons held under the auspices of the strikers. The demonstrators stoned the police who threw teargas bombs at the mob and made many arrests.

After the meeting was dispersed, groups of strikers reassembled and the police fired at the crowd. Street-fighting continued till late at night causing much damage to property.—Reuter's Special.

U. S. BUYING SILVER IN LONDON

(Special to "Chronicle".)
NEW YORK, July 2.

Spot Silver prices were fixed to-day 1/4 cent lower at 69 1/2 cents, when Montreal Silver futures were 65 points lower.

It is understood that American interests were buying Silver today in London.

ECHO OF ATTACK ON PEKING

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
PEKING, July 2.

Mr. Tuanchunchih who commanded the armoured train which shelled Peking during the revolt of the Chinese irregulars on last Friday has been sentenced to death by a court-martial. One hundred and nine persons arrested in connection with the revolt will be tried by court martial.

AMERICAN COTTON ESTIMATES

(Special To "Chronicle.")
NEW YORK, July 2.

According to Murray the Cotton Crop is estimated at 1,00,20,000 bales while Miller's estimate is 1,10,31,000 bales.

Private Wheat estimates are as follows:—

Winter: 451 million bushls average.

Spring: 256 million bushels average.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Non-Matriculates and Highly Educated Persons at Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 p.m. Cash Security Rs. 100. Five years contract increment Rs. 5. Send stamped cover to Trilok Life and Fire Insurance Co., Kallar. (4475).

Wanted. an experienced. Drill Teacher. Apply to the Principal, Sheth Anandilal Podar High School, Santacruz, before the 10th inst. (1304).

Wanted Advocate (O. S.) to coach LL.B. Student thrice a week, 1-1|2 hour each. State lowest, terms. Apply Box No. 4468, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Graduate with English and Sanskrit or English and Gujarati to work as a High School teacher. Apply stating age, qualifications, minimum salary expected, etc., to the Head Master, S. H. High School, Dholka Dist. Ahmedabad. (1298).

Wanted Agents and Organisers to push on our Novel Marriage Insurance Scheme on pay and commission or both. Apply, the National Industrial Assurance Co., Ltd., Jullundhur City. (4422).

Wanted—Intelligent, Matriculated, diligent youths under twenty for Electric apparatus manufacture. Partial investment essential. One year's unpaid training free. Apply Box No. 4425, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Branch Secretaries, Superintendents, lady superintendents and agents upto Rs. 250 p. m. Apply Lakshmi Bonds Corporation Ltd., Lahore. (4423)

Required Supervisors to control Folding and Bundling Departments in Making-up Departments of Mill in Bombay manufacturing high class qualities, please apply giving full particulars of experiences and qualifications and stating salary required to Box No. 1289 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Experienced and. clever folding jobber having knowledge of English and good Experience of the folding line. Apply with testimonials Box No. 4438, "Bombay Chronicle."

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

One well up in accounts seeks part time job either morning or evening after Office hours. Apply Box No. 4470, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET

To let spacious and airy Godowns, pucca built, 20 ft. high measuring 75 x 75 with bath rooms situate at Nesbit Hall, Nesbit Road, Mazagaon. Apply Mithibai Mackanjee Hajeebhoy.

12. TO BE LET.

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182, 186, Khetwadi Lane, No. 11, suitable for Theatrical Parties. Also Rooms at Sri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank and at Sri Harisadan near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. Apply to Purshottam Govindji, 62-66, Vithalwadi, Telephone No. 23518. (4474).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Senior Cambridge Institute has got an up-to-date staff to coach you for Cambridge examinations. Last date of enrollment for December examination 10th July. Apply immediately Senior Cambridge Institute, Sirdar High School premises near Pathe Cinema, Lamington Road. (1176).

American Dental College—Intensely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th July. For Illustrated Prospectus, apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Karachi. 4307

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

To lend Rupees Three Lakhs on Bombay properties. No brokers to write. Please write to Box No. 4472, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
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Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Appreciable extraordinary delicious Bombay, Langra, Krishen Bhog mangoes Rs. 5 per 100 net. Safe arrival guarranteed season poor. Advance immediately Grafts Catalogue Free. Supdt. Raja Nursery, Darbhanga, No. 21, (Behar). (4420)

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Cheap Petrol—One rupee per gallon Bombay Delivery. Register your requirements with Resoline Agency, Bombay No. 7. 4469

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Wireless and Cinema Magazines, Newspapers, Stamp Albums, Birthday Cards, Dictionaries, Atlases, Stationery, School Exercise Books, Pictures, Frames, Old Magazines. Ans. 4. KING CO., Near Central Bank, Bombay. (4473).

Valuable Property, Main Ghodbunder Road, Santa Cruz, 10 minutes from Station, two large houses in garden, ground and upper floors. Annual rental over Rs. 2,000. Offers invited Box No. 4471, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale:—A progressive well established paying concern desires lease conduct of its business as Proprietors engaged in other businesses. Rare opportunity for capable individuals or firms to acquire business and develop its present handsome yield. No brokers. Apply Box 4463, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—Two Crossley's Oil Engine, 18 and 14 H.P. to make room for electric installation. Can be seen at present in running order. Apply Box No. 4464, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
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3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Kalachowki Road, Chinchpokli, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 25th July, 1935, at 5 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1st. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, and Audited Statements of Account made upto 31st March, 1935.

2nd. To elect Directors under Clause 86 of the Articles in place of those who have resigned from the Board.

3rd. To elect a Director in place of one who retires by rotation under Clause 93 of the Articles.

4th. To elect Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

And to transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 11th July, 1935, to THURSDAY, the 25th July, 1935, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
HORMUSJEE SONS & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 18th June, 1935.
1300

THE VULCAN INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Jahangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 18th July, 1935, at 5 P.M. (S.T.), for transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, and audited Revenue and Profit & Loss Accounts and the Balance Sheet of the Company for the period ended 31st December, 1934.

2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

3. To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.

4. To appoint Auditors for the current year 1935 and to fix their remuneration.

5. To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting, by the Chairman.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 8th July to 3rd August 1935 both days inclusive.

By order of the Board
of Directors,
J. C. SETALVAD & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Bombay 1st July 1935.
1497

Public Notices

THE GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED, AJMER.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 8TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of those Policy-holders of this Society who are entitled to vote under article 82 will be held at the Society's Registered Office on SATURDAY, the 20th July, 1935, at 5 p.m. for the purpose of electing one Director in place of Seth Nauratan Mal (out of such of the policy-holders as be eligible under article 83) fetiring by rotation this year and is eligible for re-election

By order of the Board.
P. D. BHARGOVA.
General Manager.

Ajmer, dated 1st July, 1935.
1303

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 794 of 1935.

K. M. TALEYARKHAN, Esquire, Court Receiver and Receiver in suit No. 504 of 1931 of this Hon'ble Court and having his Office at Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay .. Plaintiff.

Vs.

VANMALIDAS VIRJEEBHAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Shanta Cruz, outside Bombay .. Defendant.

To,
VANMALIDAS VIRJIBHAI,

The defendant in the above suit.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has filed this suit against you to recover Rs. 2,720 with interest on Rs. 2,480 at 6 per cent per annum from 1st April, 1935, till judgment costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent per annum till payment and you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within 10 days from the date of publication of this summons for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted and that in default of your appearance on the expiry of ten days the plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 2,720 and interest as aforesaid and the sum of Rs. 200 for costs.

Dated this 4th day of June 1935.
(Sd.) TAHIRALLI,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.
Messrs. DAYALJI & DIPCHAND,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
(1307)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of administration to the property and credits of RAHIMTULLA HUSSEIN PEERMAHOMED alias RAHIMTULLA HUSSEIN CURRIM PEERMAHOMED MISTRY, of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Bachelor, residing at Havabibi Building, Gowalia Tank Road, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Deceased.

SHIRINBAI, widow of Husseinbhai Currimbhai of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at the junction of Raghavji Road and Gowalia Tank Road, outside the Fort of Bombay..Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness CECIL PATRICK BLACKWELL, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 21st day of June in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-five, and in the twenty-sixth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 21st day of June, 1935.
DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
1502

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Power of Attorney executed by our client HALIMABAI, wife of Mahboob Hasan and daughter of Casam Bandu in favour of Abba Umar Suleman has been revoked. The public are hereby informed that no one should deal with the said Abba Umar Suleman under the said Power of Attorney given by our client. If any one will do so, he will do so at his own risk.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1935.
TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
Attorneys for Halimabai, wife of Mahboob Hasan and daughter of Casam Bandu.
1306.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. FRAMROZE EDULJI DINSHAW to whom the undermentioned property was 'inter alia' mortgaged by Jamshedji Naoroji Jehangir Gamadia has contracted to sell the said property to our client. Any person or persons having any claim, title, or interest in to or upon the said property by way of mortgage, sale, lien, trust, lease, possession, gift, inheritance, bequest or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Yusuf Building, 3rd floor, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or Ground of Pension and Tax Tenure (the cess whereof is redeemed) situated at Peddar Road in the City of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2934 square yards or thereabouts and situated within the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay being a portion of the land registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 3 1 5 8-86-247-930-2426-1652-1 6 5 3-2967-1864-2115-2157 and 2273 (part) Laughton's New Survey No. 7096 (part) and which said piece bears Cadastral Survey No. 10/738 Malabar Hill Division and is assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under D Ward No. 3495 (1) (part) and 3537 (1 and 2) (part) Street No. 2 and 3 Peddar Road (part) and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by Plot No. 7 belonging to the estate of Nowroji Jehangir Gamadia allotted to Behramji Nowroji Gamadia, on or towards the South by Plot No. 5, belonging to the said estate allotted to the administrators of the Estate of Jehangir Nowroji Gamadia, deceased, on or towards the West by the Peddar Road and on or towards the East by the 40 feet new road belonging to the Gamadia estate and which premises are delineated and described as Plot No. 6 in the plan thereof annexed to Conveyance thereof dated 27th February, 1932, in favour of the Vendor.

Dated this 2nd day of July, 1935
SHAH & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1308

IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSES AT BOMBAY.

Suit No. 16295 of 1935.

Messrs. MOHANLAL & Co., a firm .. Plaintiff.

versus

(1) A. C. PEREIRA and
(2) D. D. SABNIS on their behalf and on behalf of other members of Bandra Tennis Club now dissolved .. Defendants.

PURSUANT to the provisions of 0.1 R.8 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, notice is hereby given that the plaintiff abovenamed has instituted the above suit in this Court on the 18th June, 1935, against the defendants abovenamed on their behalf and on behalf of other members of Bandra Tennis Club now dissolved praying:—

(a) For a sum of Rs. 200 as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Price of goods (Silver cups and wooden stand) sold and delivered to the defendants on 15th July, 1933 ..	171	3	0
Interest at 9 p. c. ..	28	13	0
	200	0	0

(b) For costs of the above suit.

And the hearing of the above suit has been fixed for WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of July, 1935.

Dated this 28th day of June 1935.
M. R. JAYAKAR,
Registrar.

Mr. K. K. SHAH,
Advocate for the plaintiff.
1309

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BEJONJI PIROZSHA MUKADUM in his own right and as Executor of the last Will of Pirojshah Dinshah Muccadam and BAI TEHMINA PIROZSHA MUKADUM, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned immovable property to our client.

All persons having any claim or interest by way of inheritance, sale, mortgage, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust or otherwise in the said immovable property or any part thereof are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 80-84, Esplanade Road Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land, containing an area of 1188 sq. yards or thereabouts situate on and being Plot No. 10 of the Dadar-Matunga Estate of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust in the City and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, bounded on the North-East and East by a road 66 ft. in width, on the East and South-East by the King's Way, on the South-West by Plot No. 11 of the said Estate conveyed to the Secretary of State for India and on the North-West by Plot No. 9 of the said Estate leased to Hormusji Manekji Dotivala, which piece of land bears New Survey No. 1/1203 and Cadastral Survey No. 31/10 of Matunga Division together with the building standing thereon consisting of a ground floor and one upper floor and which premises are now assessed by the Municipality under F. Ward No. 6843, Street No. 210, and are in possession of the Vendors and their tenants.

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1935.
CHUBB & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1302

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, TOOLS AND PLANT, BUILDINGS, BUILDINGS MATERIALS, ETC.

By order of the Garrison Engineer Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 11th July, 1935, at 10 a.m. (S. T.), sharp at S. D. O. Yard, Colaba, the following:—

Almirahs, chairs, beds, chest of drawers, tables, tools such as foot rules, drills, augers, hammers, tarpaulins, files, electric goods such as D.C. and A.C. ceiling and table fans, A.C. motors, switch-boards, switches, galvanized wires, wash hand basins, cisterns, rails, sinks, water tanks.

Buildings demolition, as under, stable and cook house 25-26 G.H., stable 44, cook house 32A, stores of No. 32, bungalow, stables and cook house of R. A. Officer's Mess 30.

Buildings Materials such as posts, rails, boarding, W. I. rails, angles, trellis, girders, gates, window and door shutters, C. G. I. sheets, roof trusses, bug boiler, scantlings, etc.

AT MARINE LINES, M. E. S. YARD.

Cement asbestos rain water pipes, C. I. pipes, angle iron, expanded metal planks, etc., etc.

Full payment against immediate delivery. Cheque will not be accepted.

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Hilarious hit—
Karwan-e-Husn
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MINERVA
TALKIES
—Lamington Road—
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Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE VACANT LAND AT NAPEAN SEA ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for The Provident Investment Co., Ltd., the Transferee of the Mortgage, and on account and at the risk of Vithaldas Liladhar, the Mortgagor and pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the Transferee under an Indenture of Mortgage, dated 17th November, 1924, and the transfer of Mortgage, dated 13th August, 1930, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on Friday the 19th inst., at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of Pension and Tax tenure land situate on the west side of Napean Sea Road, admeasuring about 2,696 sq. yards, and bearing Municipal D Ward No. 3307 (3), Street No. 10A and bounded on the North by the property of the late Manubhai Nanabhai, on the East by Napean Sea Road, on the South by the property of Shantidas Askuran and on the West by the property of the Bank of India Ltd.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for the Transferee at Mercantile Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

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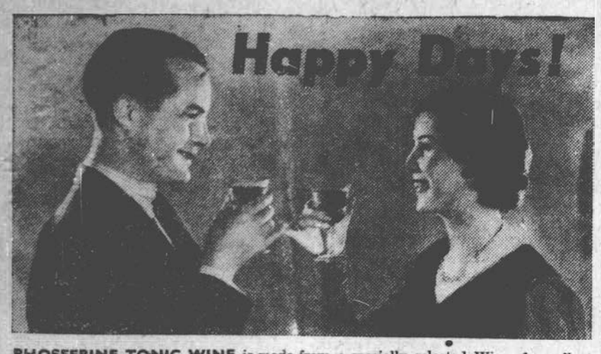

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THE "MYSORE SILK DE POT"
Swadeshi Market, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY.

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AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

When And How City Streets Are Cleaned

Commissioner Supplies Imposing Figures In Reply To City Father's Anxious Queries

At the meeting of the Municipal Corporation on Monday Mr. Dostmahomed G. Khairaz asked the Municipal Commissioner:

(1) How many times a day the streets of the City of Bombay are cleansed and swept by Municipal sweepers?

(2) At what hours are the streets cleansed and swept?

(3) What are the total number of employees engaged in this work throughout the City?

(4) How many are employed in each ward separately?

(5) How many bullock carts and motor lorries are engaged in each ward for removing kutchra?

(6) How is it that in spite of Corporation Resolutions asking the Municipal authorities to have the carts and motor lorries properly covered so that refuse may not drop from them, the orders are not strictly followed?

(7) Who is responsible for this? Has any action been taken against the responsible authorities? If so, against whom?

(8) Has the attention of the Commissioner been drawn to the letter that appeared in the "Times of India" some days back on this subject asking the Municipal authorities to practice what they preach.

The Commissioner replied:—

(1) The streets are cleaned one to five times a day according to their importance.

(2) Generally between 6 and 10 a.m. and again between 1-30 and 5 p.m. Some of the important streets are however cleaned from 5 a.m. In addition, some of the thoroughfares and street junctions are attended to between 9-30 a.m. and 1 p.m. and 5 and 8 p.m. also.

(3) & (4) 3,001, as follows:—

A	Ward	271
B	,,	394
C	,,	491
D	,,	421
E	,,	582
F	,,	341
G	,,	401

(5):

No. of bullock carts.		No. of lorries. Morning	Evening.	
A	Ward	17	9	4
B	,,	31	3	3
C	,,	49	3	6
D	,,	41	5	4
E	,,	59	5	6
F	,,	25	2	2
G	,,	48	3	2
Mahalaxmi siding		2		
		272	30	27

(6) & (7). Every endeavour is made to see that the carts and motor lorries are properly covered up. The drivers and mukadams found negligent in this respect are duly punished. Motor lorries while going round the section collecting refuse from house to house or from stand to stand cannot be completely covered, but the covers are spread and tied down after they are completely loaded. As this arrangement is not found to be entirely satisfactory, lorries are being gradually provided with permanent covers as funds permit.

(8) Yes.

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OF CANADA

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NEIGHBOURS FALL OUT

Lodge Complaint And Counter-Complaint With Agripada Police

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Complaints of theft and assault and counter-complaint of outraging the modesty of a woman in a case in which a theft of a piece of fire-wood was alleged, from a building at Haines Road on Monday noon, were lodged with the Agripada police.

The accused were placed before Mr. P. L. Thacker, Presidency, Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day, and were ordered to be released on bail.

In one case the accused are: Hussein Wazir and Lal Mohammed Wazir and in the other the accused is Lavan Sadadin. They were all neighbours at Pathra Chawl at Haines Road.

The investigating officer in applying for remand into custody of the two accused stated that on Monday Lavan Sadadin returned home at about 12 noon.

He slept there for some time and woke at about 3 p.m. when he saw the hand of a woman thrust across the partition from an adjoining room.

The complainant later discovered that the woman wanted to remove a piece of fire-wood.

But when the complainant was alleged to have remonstrated with the father of the two accused because the woman was the wife of one of them, the accused were stated to have assaulted him with iron bars and stick.

In the other case Sadadin is accused of outraging the modesty of the woman, the wife of the first accused in the former case. He was alleged to have entered her room, caught hold of her hand and dragged her out.

All the three accused in the two cases were released on bail pending further police inquiries.

CORPSE NOT ALLOWED TO BE BURIED

Police Take Possession On Being Informed

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Feeling suspicious about his death, the cemetery clerk of the Nanashankar Seth Cemetery refused permission last night to dispose of the body of Dadu Kana, a Hindu boy aged about fifteen years.

They immediately got into touch with the Nagpada Police who came on the scene and took charge of the body in the presence of Panchas. No outward marks of injury were visible.

Enquiries made by the Police go to show that Dadu Kana, who was employed as a servant in a tea-shop, had a serious fall some three weeks ago while going up a ladder leading to a garret, as a result of which he used to complain of severe pain in the stomach and waist.

The Police had not been informed of the accident. He was treated in his own home for the injuries. For the last four days he was having fits. He died yesterday.

The inquest has been adjourned till the 12th inst. pending the chemical Analyser's Report.

RIVALRY BETWEEN HOTEL-KEEPERS

Two Arrested Following Alleged Assault At Pinjrapole Road

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

How rivalry between two parties of hotel keepers is alleged to have led one of the parties to assault the other, was narrated on Monday before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, when Lika Dhundi and Lavkush Shuharak were put on trial.

It was stated that on receiving information, that trouble was brewing at the Pinjrapole Road, Bombay, on Friday night, the Maharbowri police went to the spot. During the course of inquiries it was revealed that there were two rival parties of hotel-keepers. The feeling between the parties had been tense for the past one month owing to professional rivalry.

On Friday night, Laloo connected with one of the hotels went with Lika Dhundi, Lavkush Shuharak and Baboo and, it is alleged, attacked the opposing party of the other hotel.

Three persons were injured as a result of the assault. All three belong to the party attacked by Laloo.

Laloo and Babu are absconding while Lika Dhundi was arrested on the spot on Friday night. Lavkush was arrested on Saturday.

The suspects were remanded in custody till July 15 pending inquiries.

FOUND WTIH SUTTA SLIPS & COINS

Man's Defence Disbelieved And Is Fined Rs. 150

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Characterised as the agent of a man carrying on Sutta gambling on a large scale, Keshav Ganpat, a mill worker, was convicted of being found gaming in a common gaming house at Thakersey Chawl, Fergusson Road, Parel.

He was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 150, in default to three weeks' Rigorous Imprisonment by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, to-day.

Sub-Inspector Sadhan of the De Lisle Road Police Station raided the place and arrested the accused and another on Feb. 2 last. Sutta slips and marked coins were seized.

The accused pleaded "not guilty" and stated that he was arrested on his way to a Bhajan party, but was, however, unable to explain the presence of Sutta slips and marked coins on his person.

The Magistrate rejected the plea and convicted him as stated above. Baboo Ambaji, the other accused, was fined Rs. 50.

The second place in the Empire Baby Week campaign has been awarded to Mysore State.

PATHAN'S BID FOR LIBERTY

Excise Officer Injures Hand In Exciting Raid Near J. J. Hospital

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A Chinaman in Bombay, offering to buy Rs. 315, worth of opium, was successfully employed as a bogus customer, in an exciting raid near J. J. Hospital, on Saturday night, when seven pounds of the drug were seized, valued at nearly Rs. 650.

Acting on the information that considerable quantities of illicit opium were despatched to Bombay, the Excise authorities instituted enquiries and traced the destination of the opium parcel to a Pathan's residence near J. J. Hospital.

A Chinaman went to the place where the suspects were residing and negotiated the transaction.

On Saturday night, while the raiding party under Excise Assistant Inspector Bashiruddin lay in ambush, two Pathans drove up in a Victoria opposite to the J. J. Hospital and it was alleged offered money in marked notes was received in exchange for the opium.

The raiding party then closed upon the suspects and took them into custody. Opium of the value of about Rs. 650 was recovered.

Abdul Gaffar one of the arrested man, made a bold bid for liberty. In the struggle that followed, Assistant-Inspector Bashiruddin had a finger of his left hand dislocated. The pathan was finally overpowered.

In this connection Abdul Gafoor and another were placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court on Monday and were remanded till July 9, pending enquiries.

NEW BROADCASTING STATION AT DELHI

Mr. C. B. Sethna Appointed Director

Mr. C. B. Sethna, Bombay Station Director, Indian State Broadcasting Service, it is understood, has been appointed Director of the New Delhi Broadcasting Station which is due to be ready during the next cold weather.

Mr. Lionel Fielden, who has been appointed Controller of Broadcasting in India, arrives in India in August next.

TRAM DRIVER'S PROMPTNESS AVERTS ACCIDENT.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The timely action of the driver of the tramcar in applying brakes prevented what would otherwise probably have resulted in a serious tragedy. Car No. X1437 collided with tramcar No. 2 going to J. J. Hospital near Dhobi Talao this forenoon at about eleven o'clock.

No persons were injured though the vehicles sustained slight damages.

JUDGE DISMISSES STUDENT'S PETITION AS NOT WITHIN ORDINANCE

No Limit To Which Condonation Could Go, Says His Lordship, If Petitioner's Claim Were Correct

Mr. Justice Chitre at the High Court dismissed the petition of Keshav Sitaram Talgeri, who was plucked by three marks in English and was not declared successful at the last Matriculation examination held by the University.

A the resumed hearing on Tuesday, the reply of the University Syndicate through their attorneys, was read in court.

The Syndicate stated that they did not accept the interpretation placed by the petitioner on ordinance 162 and that if the petitioner was not saisfied with their interpretaion he could take any action he liked.

The Syndicate added that they were prepared to explain their interpretation in court if called upon to do so.

GROUNDS FOR CLAIM.

Mr. Makanji Mehta, who appeared for the petitioner, said that the case fell under Ordinance 162, or in the alternative, under Ordinance 162A. By Ordinance 162, a deficiency of one mark in one subject should be condoned for every one per cent. by which the total mark obtained by the candidate in the whole examination were in excess of 40 p.c. of the total obtainable.

To a question put by his lordship, counsel replied that the minimum number of marks required to pass in English was 40 per cent. while in other subjects it was 35 per cent.

His lordship remarked that there was evidently an object in requiring a higher standard in English, and this object would be defeated if a candidate got 50 per cent. in another subject, say mathematics, and sought to secure a condonation of 10 per cent. in English.

Assuming that a student got 80 per cent. in mathematics and thus earned a condonation of 40 per cent., he could then send in a blank English paper and without getting any marks in this subject claim to pass the examination.

Entitled To Condonation.

Mr. Mehta contended that the petitioner was entitled to a condonation of 2.56 marks in English because his total marks in all subjects were 2.56 per cent. more than the total marks obtainable, under Ordinance 162.

According to the existing practice the fraction of a mark was calculated as one mark. The petitioner was, therefore, entitled to have a condonation of 3 marks instead of 2.56 marks in English.

Not Within Ordinance.

In delivering judgment, his lordship observed that ordinance 162A applied only to a case where the deficiency was one or two marks, and in such a case the question of condonation was left to a committee of the Syndicate or to the Vice-chancellor. In this case the deficiency was more than two marks and therefore the case did not fall under that ordinance.

As regards ordinance 162, its wording seemed to be involved. But even taking the interpretation put by the petitioner, it did not help him to get a condonation of three marks. In his lordship's opinion a fraction of a mark should be ignored according to the practice followed in calculating the pass marks in a subject at 35 p. c. For instance, in Mathematics out of a total of 150 marks, the pass marks required at 35 p. c. would be 52 1|2 marks, but the University ignored the 1|2 mark, and fixed only 52 marks for passing.

Not Entitled To 3.

Applying this practice to the present case, the petitioner was entitled to a condonation of only 2 marks in English, and not of 3 as he claimed.

If the petitioner's interpretation were correct, there would be no limit to which condonation would go. His Lordship, therefore, dismissed the petition.

Mr. Makanji Mehta, instructed by Messrs. Ambubhai and Co. appeared for the petitioner.

The petitioner, it is understood, is going to appeal.

CITIZENS DEPRIVED OF THEIR RIGHTS

B.P.C.C. Protest Against Issue Of Baluchistan Regulation

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, write:

At a meeting of the Council of the B.P.C.C. held on Monday evening the following resolution was passed:—

"The Council of the B.P.C.C. protest against the issue of the British Baluchistan Regulation as violating the elementary and fundamental principles of Law and Justice, particularly provisions indefinitely depriving citizens of the ordinary rights and remedies through duly constituted Courts of Law, the extraordinary powers conferred by the Regulation being, in the opinion of this Council, far in excess of the requirements of the the situation."

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Bowes Takes 16 Wickets For 35 Runs

Yorkshire Fast Bowler Puts Up Remarkable Performance Against Northants

LONDON, July 1.

Bowes put up another great performance. He was hit for 10 runs before taking a wicket. He then took 5 wickets for 16 before taking a wicket. He then took 5 wickets for 16 before lunch. After the interval he took 3 wickets with 17 balls conceding only a single his final figures being 14.5—10—17—8, making 16 wickets for 35 for the whole match.

Mercer had a deadly spell after lunch, taking 5 wickets for 16 and finally 6 for 100.

Sandham played a faultless innings which lasted 145 minutes during which he hit ten 4's. He made his 50 in an hour and half.

Garland Wells was most vigorous. His first 50 was hoisted in 52 minutes and second 50 in 33 minutes His chief hits were two 6's and fifteen 4's.

CLOSING SCORES.

The following are the closing scores in first class matches which commenced on Saturday:—

Oxford 324 and 61 for 2. Surrey 455 (Sandham 84, Garland Wells 103, Watts, not out, 78).

Cambridge 213 and 158 (Hammond 4 for 41), Sussex 109 and 123 for 5 (John Langridge 50).

Glamorgan 298 and 137 (Freeman 5 for 48). Kent 286 (Woolley 53, Fagg 72, Mercer 6 for 100).

Gloucester 218 and 50 for 3; Somerset 244.

Warwick 289 and 128 for 6 (Croom 59), Leicester 176 (Watson 60, Paine 5 for 68.)

Notts 205 and 233 for 9 (Harris 92), Derby 253 (Worthington 126, Voce 5 for 87).

Lancashire 375 for 9 declared, (Perks 4 for 64). Worcester 150 (Bull, not out, 57) and, following on, 28 for 1.

YORKSHIRE WIN.

Yorkshire beat Northants by an innings and 166 runs. Northants 62 and 52 (Bowes 8 for 17). Yorkshire 280 (Pitt 4 for 78).—Reuter's Special.

BILL BOWES.

SUMMARILY DISMISSED

Thana School Principal Ordered To Pay Rs. 16 To Teacher

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, July 2.

An action was brought by Mr. Dwarkanath Vishwanath Deshmukh, a teacher in the Popular High School Thana, against its principal before Mr. K. K. Gadgil, the Joint second class Sub-Judge at Thana, for the recovery of Rs. 45 being the amount of his wages for two months and eight days at Rs. 20 per mensem from November to January 8 last.

The sub-Judge, after hearing the plaintiff and the defendant, Principal Mr. Nariman D. Sanjana, made a decree for Rs. 16-10-8 with proportionate costs in favour of the plaintiff teacher. He held that the plaintiff was entitled to wages of 26 days from November 1 to 26 last.

Paid Upto October.

The plaintiff teacher was in the service of the Popular High School at Thana since September 1 last. He was paid at the rate of Rs. 20 per mensem upto October. His services were summarily dispensed with on January 8 last. The school was closed in the month of December and reopened on January 3.

The defendant Principal of the school, in his evidence, stated that he resented the tone of the petition made by several teachers and he therefore dismissed them summarily on November 26 last.

The plaintiff wrote to him (defendant) a letter of apology. He was allowed to sign the muster roll till November 30 when the school closed for vacation.

Corss-examined witness stated that he was educated upto Inter Arts. The school was not a recognised institution. There was a suit pending against him for recovery of four months' rent of the school premises. From January 3 to 8 the staff was disorganised and the school was working only nominally.

The sub-Judge passed a decree as stated above.

Mr. K. T. Chitre, Advocate, appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Anklesharia for the defendant.

KING'S SILVER JUBILEE MEDAL

The following is a further list of ladies and gentlemen in Bombay City who have been awarded "The King's Silver Jubilee Medal."

Mr Indernarayan Brijmohanlal, Mr. S. E. Kurwa, Mr M. Noronha, Mr. M. D. Lalkaka, Mr. V. G. Deshpande, Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Mr. M. P. Kapadia, Mr E. J. Bunbury, Mr. W. Lamond, Mr A. Geddis, Mr. C. C. Guilland, Mr. Husenali Rahimtoola, Mr. M. C. Javle, Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim, Bart., Mr. Rahimtoola M. Chinoy, Mr. Mohamedali Allabaksh, Mr. R. C. Lowndes, Mr. H. E. Jones, Mr. D. G. M. Mearns, Captain A. G. Kinch, Mr. F. H. Taylor, Mr. J. F. Pereira, Mr. A. Hall-white, Mrs. E. Scott, Mr. A. McCulloch, Mr. N. V. Mandlik, Mr. H. T. Gebbles, Mr. F. Low, Mr. H. E. Ormerod, Mr. J. E. Sanjana, Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Kt., Sir Dinshaw Wacha, Kt., Mr. Salebhoy K. Barodawala, Mr. T. Maloney, Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavale, Mrs. A. Weaver, Mr. B. Gooch, Mr. V. R. Phadke, Dr. Socrates Noronha, Sir Temulji Nariman, Kt., Dr. Framroz N. Kapadia, Mr. Dossabhoy F. Panthaki, Defedarmajor Feroz Khan.

The total number of Congress members enrolled in Sitamarhi town, Sitamarhi rural, Bala and Pupri thanas respectively are 500, 505, 245 and 626.

27 DAYS IN THE AIR

Keys Brothers Break Previous Endurance Record

MERIDIAN (Mississippi), July 1.

By remaining 27 days in the air the brothers Fred and Al Keys have beaten the world unofficial endurance flying record of 26 days, 23 hours, 28 minutes established by Dale and Jackson in 1930. The Keys intend to land to-night.—Reuter.

WORLD'S FREAK BOWLER

While lawn tennis claims freak players in Vivian McGrath and John Bromwich, cricket has produced a formidable rival in a young man named Maynard who comes from Shepparton, near Benalla, (Australia).

Jack Fingleton, the Australian Test player, who batted against him states that he is a slow spin bowler who runs obliquely to the wicket, twists himself about almost into a knot and unexpectedly delivers the ball from behind his neck somewhere on the left of his body, but delivered with the right hand.

Neither Fingleton, Oldfield, nor Kippax, who played in the match, had seen any one like him before.

OLD MAN FINED FOR GAMING

Magistrate Relies On High Court Ruling

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Hormusji Bejjanji Marolia, a 64-year old Parsi, charged with being found gaming in a common gaming house in a building at Jalbhai Street, was convicted by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaon Police Court to-day and was fined Rs. 100.

The prosecution case was that articles of gaming and marked coins were found in a room in a building described as Topya Building, Jalbhai Street, when a police party under sub-Inspector Honaver raided the room on June 24 last.

The accused pleaded not guilty, and stated that the slip in his handwriting was written by him on a former occasion.

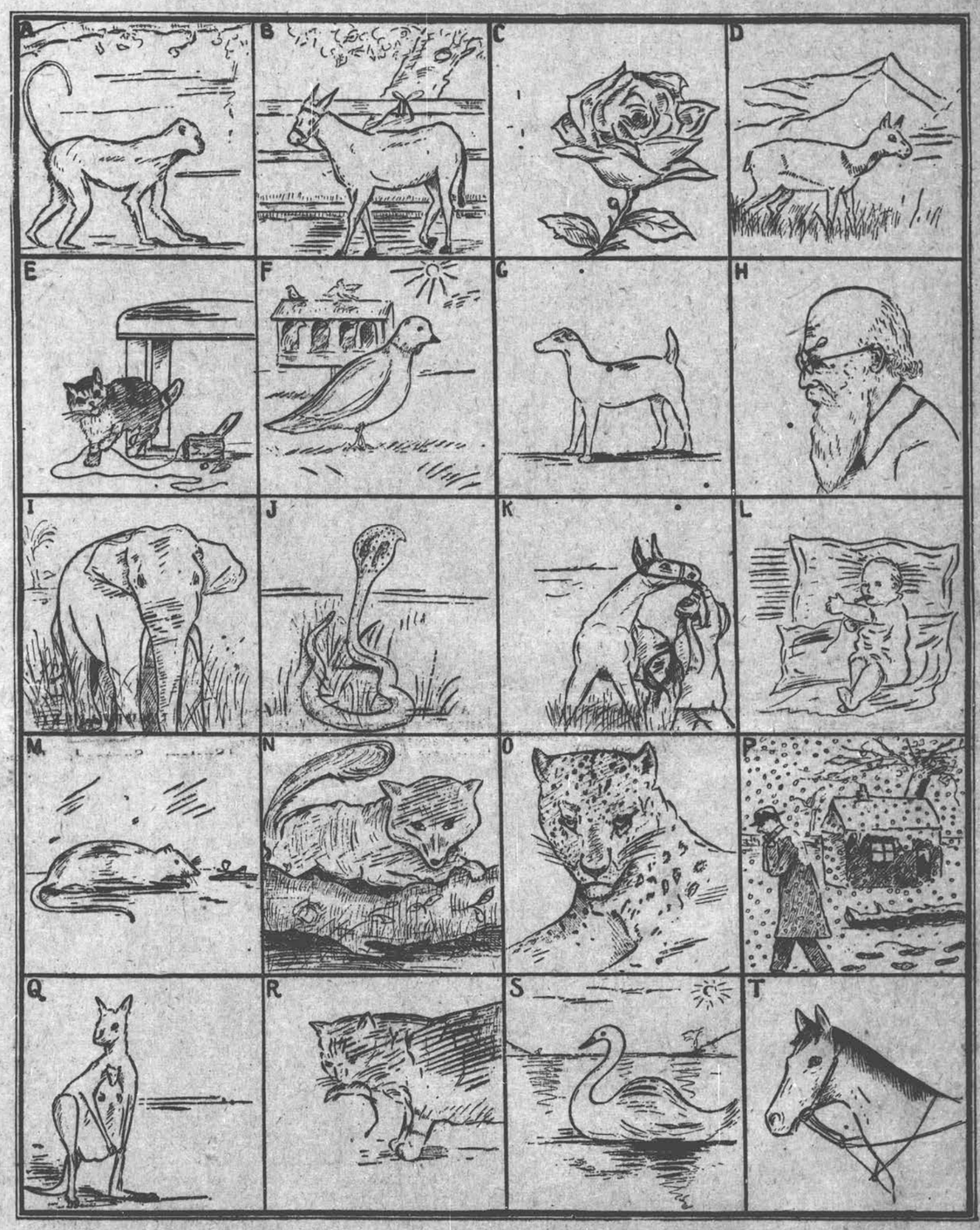
In the course of the judgment, the magistrate observed that according to the defence contention the premises raided were not known as Topya Building, but as "Jal Chambers." It was probable that the building now known as Jal Chambers, formerly owned by Mr. Topya, might have been known as Topya Building. But the buildings had changed hands twenty years ago. The defence contention was therefore sound, and no presumption under section seven arose.

But according to a High Court ruling even if such a presumption did not arise, if there was reliable evidence to prove that the room was used for the purpose of a common gaming house it was sufficient for a conviction under section 4.

Another accused Balubhai Pannachand arrested during the same raid pladed guilty and was fined Rs. 30.

SYMBOLS Competition

1st Prize	2nd Prize	3rd Prize	Consolation Prizes
Rs. 500	Rs. 200	Rs. 100	Rs. 200



In this interesting competition you are asked to find out what each of the illustrations represents or signifies and to make matters easy a list of clues is given at the foot. For instance, "Gray Hairs" generally signify "wisdom" so selecting No. 3 from the clues we put it against "H" in the coupon. Similarly in common parlance we say "white as snow." So No. 11 of the clues goes against No. "P" in the coupon.

LIST OF CLUES.

1 Obstinate.	6 Friendship.	11 White.	16 Sly.
2 Bounding.	7 Swift.	12 Wily.	17 Love.
3 Wisdom.	8 Faithful.	13 Useful.	18 Treacherous.
4 Playful.	9 Dangerous.	14 Sagacious.	19 Silly.
5 Baby Carrier.	10 Destructive.	15 Innocent.	20 Graceful.

Competition Solutions must be submitted on the Entry Coupon which will be found in the "Bombay Chronicle" Sunday Edition of the 30th June, and 7th July, 1935. Closing Date 10th July, 1935.

Protest Against B.P.T.U.C.'s Resolution

The Secretary of the Provisional Committee of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union writes:

In pursuance of the requisition to the president for a meeting of the Managing Committee, an extraordinary meeting of the same was held on Sunday, at the Union offices. Messrs. Ali Bahadur Khan, the president and Nazarattulla Abbasi, the Ag. Gen. Secretary, did not attend. In the absence of the president Mr. Mahammad Ibrahim, occupied the chair.

The following resolutions were adopted:—

"In view of the anti-union activities of Messrs. Ali Bahadur Khan and Nazarattulla Abbasi and in view of their failure to carry on the Union work, this extra-ordinary meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Dock-workers' Union declares that Messrs. Ali Bahadur Khan and Nazarattulla Abbasi have forfeited the confidence of the Dock workers and hereby resolve to take steps to remove them from office.

"This meeting strongly disapproves the action of the B.P.T. U. C. in passing a vote of censure against the provisional committee of the Bombay Dockworkers' Union. This meeting declares its emphatic opinion that all actions of the provisional committee were perfectly legal and were, in the best interests of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union and the Bombay Dock workers.

"This meeting resolves to hold the annual elections of the Union on 4th August 1935 and hereby authorises the following to make arrangements for the same: Messrs. Mahammad Ibrahim, Jani Saheb, Madan Shetty, Dr. Shetty and Deen Mahomad.

"This meeting appoints the following as the Union's representatives to the B.P.T.U.C. and also authorises them to nominate a representative to the A.I.T.U.C. executive: Messrs. Jani Saheb, Nivritti Jnanoba and Dr. Shetty.

Under the auspices of the Gaya District Harijan Sangha, as many as ten schools for Harijans are being run throughout the length and breadth of the district, and six of them are receiving a total grant of Rs. 60 per month.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 3, 1991
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 1, 1354.
Parsi: Deh 30, 1304
Sunrise: 6h. 6m.
Sunset: 7h 20m
High Tide: 1-05; 13-49
Low Tide: 6-55; 20.03.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Bombay Natural History Society: Meeting of members and friends, Prince of Wales Museum, 6-15 p.m.

THURSDAY, July 4.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

FRIDAY, July 5.

Results of B. Hy., M.D., M.S., and LL.M. examinations, University Buildings, 2 p.m.

HINDI CLASS AT KHAR.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Hindi Pracharak Sabha classes in Hindi are held at the Laxmi Society's Hall, 10th Road, Khar. The classes for beginners are taken from 8-30 to 9 p.m., and for advanced section from 9 to 9-30 p.m. Those who wish to join should enroll themselves before Monday (8th inst.) Classes will be held on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

KALYAN TALUKA CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The annual elections of the Kalyan Taluka Congress Committee were held on Sunday last. The following office bearers were elected:—

Sjt. P. V. Paranjpe—President; Kantilal L. Shah—Vice President; K. T. Sule; R. M. Patwardhan Secretaries; Babarbhai P. Patel—Member.

B. E. S. AND T. CO. LTD.

On the 1st of July 1935, Rupee Fifty lakhs of debentures were paid off in full, with interest accrued, out of the Company's funds, writes the General Manager of the B. E. S. and T. Co.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND.

In the event of there being no heavy rain, the Municipal Commissioner and Councillors of "G" Ward will meet near the Western Approach to the Tilak Bridge, to-morrow (Thursday) at 7 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward.

Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

A meeting of members of the Bombay Natural History Society and their friends will be held at the Prince of Wales Museum this (Wednesday) evening at 6-15 p.m. when Mr. C. McCann will give a lecture (with Lantern Slides) on the "Vernay-Hopwood Expedition to the unexplored and upper reaches of the Chindwin River."

THE GOVERNOR'S BAND.

By kind permission of His Excellency the Governor, the Band will play at the Bund Gardens, Poona, today (Wednesday), from 6 to 7-30 p.m., weather permitting.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Taijin Maru" left Singapore on June 27, and is due to arrive Bombay on July 9, via Penang and Colombo.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Argun Maru" left Sakito on June 30, and is due to arrive in Bombay on July 24.

Steamer Clan "Macrayne" left London on the morning of Saturday, June 29.

Clan Line Steamer "ClanMacWhirter" arrived at Suez on the evening of June 29.

BOMBAY QUETTA EARTHQUAKE RELIEF COMMITTEE

The Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee has issued their 12th list of contributions towards their fund:

Through Sjt. Mulji Jivraj of Kumta: Seth Dayal Ladhani Rs. 250; Sjt. Mulji Jivraj Shah Rs. 201; Sjt. Velji Ladhabhai Thakkar Rs. 121; Contribution by "Bhagini Samaj" Members Rs. 395; "Hind Mahila Samaj" Through Mrs Avantikabai Gokhale Rs. 101; and collections below Rs. 50 made the total to date Rs. 62,131-2½

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"Naughty Marietta" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Wedding Night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Ruggles of Red Gap" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Ah-E-Mazluman" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Bharatki Beti" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Daksha Yagna" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Judgment of Allah" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
GLOBE—"Magic Wand" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST END—"College Girl" Time as usual.
WELLINGTON—"Gay Divorcee" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Ghar Jamai" Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"Blossom" Time as usual.
EMPIRE—"The Good Fairy." Time as usual.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon. Time Signal. Selection of Indian Music. Garba Dance Music (Gujerati). 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. European Lunch Hour Selections. 4-30 p.m. Ladies' Hour. Talk by Beth. 5-0 p.m. A Relay. European Programme. 5-30 p.m. Relay of Music from Regal Cinema. Indian Programme. 6-30 p.m. Light Music By Sonibai Mulgaokar. 7-30 p.m. "Recitations from Avesta." By Ervad Framroz A. Bode. Indian Programme. 8-15 p.m. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. European Programme. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin. 9 p.m. The Radio Quartet. Leader:—Dominic Pereira. Madame Mantzari, Soprano. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI.

The Mandali's V. B. Korgaonkar Scholarship of the value of Rs. 100 is to be awarded to the lady student of the Gowd Saraswat Brahman community who has scored the highest total in the recent Matriculation Examination.

Another prize called the Radhabai Atmaram Bapu Dalvi Prize of the value of Rs. 35 is to be awarded to the lady student of the same community who has obtained the highest number of marks in English at the Matriculation examination. Applications from students concerned are, therefore, invited (through the Heads of their respective schools) giving their seat numbers and the marks obtained by them in English and should be sent to the Honorary Secretaries of the Mandali at 264, Charni Road, Girgaon, Bombay, on or before 31st July 1935, when the awards will be made.

BLAVATSKY LODGE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge Theosophical Society, Mr. Manecklal H. Vakil will conduct a Study Class on every Wednesday from 4 to 5 p.m. (S.T.), the subject being "Krishnamurti's Theachings", in Gujarati.

Mr. L. B. Raje will conduct a Study Class on every Saturday from 4 to 5 p.m. (S.T.) in "Bhagvad Gita" in Marathi, at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for Italy and Austria per S.S. "Victoria" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9 a.m. on Thursday the 11th instant.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, and Japan per S.S. "Tokima-Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 1-30 p.m. on Wednesday the 3rd instant instead of at 6-30 p.m. on July 2 as previously notified.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION.

Professor Dr. John McKenzie will meet his students in Philosophy (Ethics) to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Wilson College.

Professor M. R. Parekh will meet his students in French to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Building.

Professor J. B. Primrose will meet his students in English Literature to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Buildings.

Miss S. M. Thillayambalam, M.A., Ph.D., of Lucknow, has been appointed Vice-Principal of the C.M.S. Girls' College, Jaffna, Ceylon.

POONA YOUTHS TO LONDON ON BIKE

Swastik League Holds Reception

(From A Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, July 1.

On Thursday last, the three Poona Cyclists, Messrs. Apte, Pandit, and Dongre who are undertaking a tour from Bombay to London on their bikes were welcomed by the Swastik League at V. M. Swastik Mandir.

The Cyclists will start from Bombay and will go to Karachi. From Karachi they will board a steamer and get down at Aden. From Aden via Mesopotamia and across the Continent they will go to Calais. After crossing the English Channel in a steamer they will resume their tour on bikes from Dover to London. The tour is to be completed within 8 months.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar, President of the League, in his welcome address commended the courage and the spirit of adventure on the part of the young tourists. All of them he said, belonged to poor families and yet the hardihood and endurance that were required for their task would show to the world that the youth of India did not lack in enterprise.

A purse containing Rs. 180-8-0, being the amount contributed by the League's Members, was then presented to the tourists.

GHEE FAKED UP TO 90 P. C.

Shopkeeper Fined Rs. 5

During the week ended 29-6-35, the following persons were convicted and fined by the Municipal Court of the Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Fort, at the Esplanade Police Court:—

Mr. Shuban Husen, Vendor, at the shop at No. 67. Fort Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 50/- on 24-6-1935. for selling butter adulterated to the extent of 241 per cent.

Mr. Pandu Dattoba, owner of the shop at No. 10. Wadia Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 5/. on 25-6-1935, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 90.0 percent.

AMERICAN COTTON EXCHANGE CASE

The rent collectors of the premises in which the American Cotton Exchange was situated gave evidence before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate Third Court on Tuesday at the resumed hearing of the case against Chimanlal Purushottam, Managing Director of the American Cotton Exchange, who is charged under three sections of the Gaming Act.

The two rent collectors of the Dwarkadas Jaikishondas Building and Narsidas Jaikishondas Building stated that portions of the buildings were rented to different persons, but the office of the American Cotton Exchange had been rented in the name of Mr. Chimanlal. It was also stated that the rating round the "Ring" inside the Exchange was put by Mr. Chimanlal.

The Official Draughtsman and a clerk from the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies' office also gave evidence.

Further hearing was postponed to Wednesday.

BENGALI SAINTS' BIRTHDAY.

The 70th birthday Anniversary of the Bengali Saint, Shree Thakur Haranath will be celebrated to-day (Wednesday) at "Krishna Kunj" at Ridge Road (Sheth Dwarkadas Kalyandas' Bunglow).

"FOREES OF FOLK-LORE"

Under the auspices of the Vile Parle Sahitya Sabha a public lecture will be delivered by Mr. Zaverchand Meghani to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. in the Forbes Gujrati Lecture Hall Congress Lane, Vithalbhai Rd.)

Prof. B. K. Thakore will preside.

"B" WARD ELECTION RESULT UPSETS "APPLE CART"

Election To Chairmanship Of Improvements Committee Results In Tie; Chair Gives The Casting Vote In Favour Of Morarji

The "B" ward election result has upset many things. There will be an election of two councillors on Thursday by co-option. The fate of the members of the Standing Committee and the Improvements Committee who represent "B" ward still hang in the balance, as one does not know what the opinion of the Advocate-General and Mr. B. J. Desai will be on the matter.

On Tuesday, there was the election of the Chairman of the Improvements Committee in which there was a surprise in store. The two candidates who contested for the honour got six votes each. The chairman had therefore to give his casting vote.

MUNICIPAL SECRETARY'S LETTER.

A meeting of the Improvements Committee was held on Tuesday when Mr. B. G. Parelkar presided.

The committee considered a letter from the Municipal Secretary stating that Mr. Salebhoy K. Barodawalla, Chairman of the Improvements Committee for the year 1935-36, having ceased to be a member of the Corporation as a result of the setting aside of the last B Ward General Election by the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court, has vacated his seat as a member of the Improvements Committee and also his office as Chairman of the Committee. The Committee was therefore requested to take steps to elect their Chairman for the remaining period of the year 1935-36.

There were three candidates, viz.: Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji, Dr. Poonsey H. Meisheri, and Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy. Dr. Meisheri retired from the contest as he represented B ward, and the question of his seat in the Improvements Committee was referred to counsel's opinion. He did not wish to stand as he was not sure of legal opinion.

A TIE.

Then the contest was between Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji and Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy. After all the members of the committee present recorded their votes, the Chairman duly counted them with the assistance of the Municipal Secretary and declared a tie, each candidate having secured six votes. He gave his casting vote in favour of Mr. Morarji, as he was senior to Mr. Chinoy.

MORARJI ELECTED.

Mr. Morarji then occupied the chair and thanked the committee for electing him to the chair. He regretted that Mr. Barodawala had to vacate the chair under peculiar circumstances, and hoped the Committee would co-operate with him in chalking out a policy in regard to the sale of Trust land so as to satisfy the buying public.

Mr. G. G. Morarji who has been elected Chairman of the Improvements Committee.

PITMAN'S SHORTHAND UNRIVALLED

System Succeeds Because Of Its Revolutionary Character

Success and Growth in the Study of Pitman's Shorthand was the subject of a lecture delivered by Mr. M. A. Subba Ram, one of the ablest high speed writers of Pitman's shorthand under the auspices of the Laxmi Tutorial and Commercial Institute, Dadar, Bombay on Saturday last Mr. R. S. Ramaswamy Iyer, Principal of the Institute, presided.

After pointing out the importance which Pitman's shorthand has gained in most walks of life at the present day, the lecturer traced the history of Shorthand from its beginning among the ancient Greeks and Romans to the time when Sir Isaac Pitman founded for the first time the art of Shorthand based upon Phonography. He dwelt on the unrivalled superiority of the Pitman's system over others, and brought out how shorthand is the one subject which is so expansive that it requires one to know not only 'Something of everything but 'Everything of everything.'

The lecturer admonished the students never to get deterred by temporary disappointments in the study of the subject. The art has been developed to such an extent that speakers have now to dread writers who never more have to wait for time. The speaker can never more threaten a writer with a torrential rate at which he may be able to deliver a speech, but the order now has been reversed.

EXPONENTS OF THE ART.

The lecturer then referred to the exponents of the art who have developed the system along particular channels and shown to the shorthand world that Pitman's system offers itself for development along most revolutionary lines, thereby adding to the shortcuts and devises which save more and more time and afford greater ease to the shorthand writer who is called upon to report. The most prominent of them is Mr. K. S. Iyer of the Legislative Assembly. The students were however, cautiontd from resorting to their short cuts in the early stages of their study and practice since that will be more a hindrance between the students and his progress than a help.

After a few remarks from the chair, the function came to a close.

VERY SATISFACTORY PROGRESS

Business Done By "Bombay Mutual" In 1934

The 66th annual general meeting of the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., was held in the office of the Society in the Bombay Mutual Building on Saturday evening, when Mr. B. K. Desai presided.

In addressing the meeting the Chairman referred to the new business of the Society for 1935 which showed that the Society had already completed Rs. 93,50,000—a progress which in his opinion gave the Society a virtual assurance of continuing to occupy a high place amongst Indian Insurance Companies.

NEW BUSINESS.

The Directors' Report for the year ended December 31, 1934, showed that the Society's new business in 1934 amounted to Rs. 1,56,07,000 paid for. As compared to last year's figures the progress of new business is over 20 per cent over that of the last year and that of the premium income over 36 per cent over last years. The life fund stands at Rs. 42,12,393 and the assets exceed Rs. 48,56,000.

The Chairman said that the expenses ratio had been gradually going down year by year, both in respect of new and renewal business. Out of the outstanding claims shown in the balance sheet, claims for Rs. 131,260 had been since paid off and claims for Rs. 56,250 had been passed for payment.

YIELD ON INVESTMENTS.

The amount spent on the land and the construction of their present office building up to the end of the year under report was Rs. 9,09,794. The total cost is expected to be about Rs. 12,00,000. When the building was fully let, the yield is expected to be over six per cent.

The Directors' report showed that the total risk on the lives of members, including bonus additions less re-assurance, at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 4,30,17,019. The premium income during the year amounted to Rs. 21,77,517 as against Rs. 15,92,651 in the previous year.

The report was adopted and the retiring Directors were re-elected There was a proposition to elect Mr. P. D. Samdasani as sixth Director of the Society but it did not find favour with the house.

The meeting terminated after sanctioning a bonus to the staff.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondent)

Health Of The City

A review of the health of the city during the first quarter of the year, which is just published, shows that there were 7,759 deaths against 6,540 in the corresponding quarter of 1934. The rise in mortality was due to more deaths from small pox, measles, pneumonia and other diseases of respiratory organs. Small-pox caused 452 deaths, cholera 3, influenza 14 and malaria 18. Hydrophobia was responsible for four deaths during the quarter. A number of people are bitten by rabid dogs in the city and greater check is necessary over stray dogs than at present. There was a big campaign against rats during the quarter. 2,02,590 rats were caught during the quarter, which was 10,021 more than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. This does not mean, however, that all rats caught were infected. The report does not state that even one rat was found infected.

A National Asset

Through the courtesy of the Tatas', the public of Bombay had the privilege of seeing their gigantic, Iron and Steel Works at Jamshedpur on the screen at the Excelsior. The film opens with a broadcast by Mr. A. R. Dalal, on the origin and the growth of the Works. Few men achieve their ambition in their life time but it was given to the late J. N. Tata to see with his own eyes his cherished dream accomplished.

The Works is claimed to be the biggest in the British Empire. The evolution of Jamshedpur from a jungle tract into a hive of industry with its own railway transport extending over 100 miles to take the raw material from the quarry to the plant, for converting the pig-iron into finished steel, is a stupendous achievement in the last 25 years of India's economic history. The mammoth machinery and the blast furnaces, roaring as solid pig-iron is converted into liquid steel, and the up-to-date equipment for finishing and sizing steel and corrugated iron-sheets strike the eye as something of a miracle. The concern is one of the greatest assets of the country.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION

Kelkar In Witness Box

Mr. N. C. Kelkar from Poona appeared before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court on Tuesday to give evidence in the defamation case in which Mr. T. Y. Nene is charging Messrs. M. R. Bodas and R. P. Nadkarni in connection with an article that was published on 13th November, 1932, in "Vividhvritha" a Marathi Weekly, of which the second defendant is the publisher.

It was alleged by the first defendant in his article that Mr. T. Y. Nene's father the late Mr. Y. V. Nene, misappropriated certain amounts while holding the office of either a trustee or treasurer of some of the Public funds.

Mr. Kelkar in the course of his examination-in-chief by Mr. Bodas said, that "Kesari" had published letters written by Mr. Y. V. Nene replying to his critics in June 1920. An account of the Tilak Jubilee Fund Committee's proceedings had been published in the "Kesari" of July 27, 1924. The "Kesari" had also published that Rs. 2,000 once and Rs. 6,000 at another time had been given from the funds towards the defence of Mr. Nene who was charged by the sons of the late Lokmanya Tilak. A decree had been passed by Mr. Justice Mirza against Mr. Nene. The witness paid certain amount from the "Kesari" Trust Fund to Mr. Vidhvans, as executor of the Late Mr. Tilak's Will, but he could not say if the amount was utilised for the purposes of the decree.

"WHITE LIES."

Cross Examined by Mr. Kamalaker, Mr. Kelkar said that the late Mr. Nene was well-known for his honesty, and his account keeping was a bye-word among the public. The witness was acquainted with the Late Mr. Nene since 1897, and the allegations that had been made against the late Mr. Nene by Mr. Bodus "were white lies."

Mr. Baburao Salveker the proprietor of the "Sardargriha" and the present Managing Trustee of the Tilak Jubilee Trust Fund was also examined.

The case was postponed to July 16, when addresses will commence.

Mr. Kamalaker appeared for the complainant and Mr. Bodas appeared for himself.

INDIAN COTTON

Statistics Of Consumption In May Last

(In bales of 400 lbs.)

The following is the statement of Indian Cotton consumed in mills in India:—

(Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on Voluntary Returns by mills in Indian States).

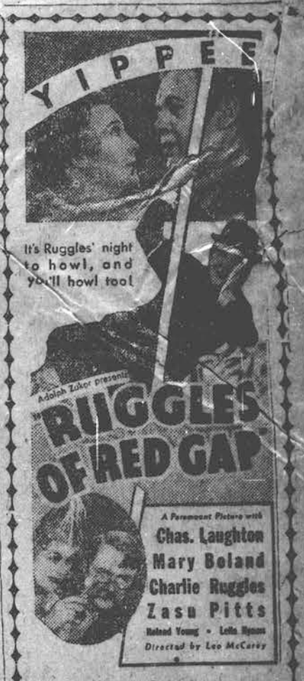
CONSUMPTION.

British India during May 1935 174,997; during May 1934 138,544; since 1st September 1934 1,659,860; during corresponding period last year 1,421,658.

Indian States during May 1935 36,273; during May 1934 34,559; since 1st September 1934, 324,332; during corresponding period last year 286,456.

Total—India during May 1935 211,269; during May 1934 173,103; since 1st September 1934 1,984,192; during corresponding period last year 1,708,112.

N. B.—Due to corrections which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive figures shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive figures published in the preceding month.



PATHE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

THE REGAL
LAST 3 DAYS ONLY!
DAILY, at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

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Free List Suspended.

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Daily at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
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A picture that'll live long in your memory!
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Featuring: the Beautiful Queen of Stars
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The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1935

DOMINION STATUS

Indians, pledged to win complete independence, will be little concerned at the House of Lords' rejection of Lord Snell's amendment seeking to insert in the India Bill a declaration that Dominion Status is the "natural issue" of Indian constitutional progress. They feel only an academic interest in the discussion of the Bill, and that on the issue of Dominion Status is of some special psychological interest only as revealing the mentality of those who are so liberal in making pledges but who display an uncanny originality in explaining them away. Everybody knows that according to the Gandhi-Irwin Pact, not only was Dominion Status declared to be the objective of Indian constitutional progress but it was also definitely stated that the Round Table Conference itself was to formulate immediately a Dominion Status scheme of reforms, with temporary safeguards demonstrably in Indian interests. How deplorably the Pact has since been ignored is now an old, if sad, story whose only redeeming feature is that it has strengthened India's determination to be content with nothing less than complete independence.

Unconvincing

The latest stage in the process of ignoring the pledge about Dominion Status is that the British [illegible]ment is not prepared even [illegible]t the pledge in the Bill. [illegible]t explanations have been [illegible] different times to justify [illegible]liberate omission. But how[illegible]isfactory these explana[illegible]y seem to those who ad[illegible]em, they have not satis[illegible]n the Moderates in this [illegible] One of the latest ex[illegible]ns is that given by Lord [illegible] in opposing Lord Snell's [illegible]mendment, that it is almost impossible to give legal definition to Dominion Status. This is, indeed, a most astonishing plea and will convince none in India. However vague might have been the connotation of the term before the passing of the Statute of Westminster, it has since been definitely understood by all English-speaking people as a recognised expression in British political philosophy meaning complete self-government within the British Commonwealth of Nations, with an inherent right of secession from the Commonwealth. If British politicians feel that this is more than they bargained for when they glibly talked of Dominion Status for India, and that they meant by that term only a restricted form of self-government, they should say so and even then define the term as they understood it. The English language is certainly not so bankrupt as not to provide words to express the thought sought to be conveyed by the term when it was used with regard to India. It is indeed good for all concerned to know where exactly they stand with regard to such a vital thing as was the subject of solemn pledges.

Lesson Of Self-Reliance

Whether or not the British Government recognises its obvious duty to give a legal form to its pledge of Dominion Status to India and to give effect to it as soon as circumstances permit, Indians must realise, now more than ever, that in this sphere, as in all others, they are the masters of their own destiny. Whether they get Swaraj soon or late, whether they get full Swaraj or only a restricted form of it will depend far less upon other men's promises than upon their own efforts to win their birth-right. The refusal of the British Government even to bind itself legally to do what it has pledged itself morally to do may, after all, serve the useful purpose of bringing home to Indians the futility of relying unduly on pacts and promises and the duty of relying more on their own efforts. If they demand in unison their birthright of "Poorna Swaraj," and if they strive to win it with the strength that national unity alone can command, no power on earth can long withhold from them that birthright.

Respect Indian Claims

It will appear from the dis[illegible]res made by the Special Cor[illegible]ndent of the "Bombay Chro[illegible]" that the position regarding [illegible]new Howrah Bridge is cer[illegible]y intriguing. The bridge, it [illegible]be noted, is expected to cost [illegible]ximately two crores of ru[illegible] Next to the Sydney Harbour Bridge it will be the largest bridge in the British Empire. Indian opinion demands that if Indian firms are willing to undertake the enterprise and, as we have no doubt, are capable of executing it as efficiently as any other foreign firm, they must be given the chance to do so.

In this connection we may point out that in the Bengal Council, during the debates on the Bill concerning the Howrah Bridge, grave doubts were expressed regarding the representative character of the Board of Commissioners. Dr. Pramatha Nath Bannerjee, speaking on an amendment moved by Mr. Amulya Addy to make the Board more representative of public opinion, remarked that the Port Commissioners as a body were not adequately responsive to public opinion. He further said: "It is right and proper that Indian talent should be fully utilized for this purpose. And not only Indian talent, but Indian industry, should have a scope. Well, it is feared in many quarters that if the composition of this Board is not changed, the interests of the people will not be sufficiently safeguarded." It was only when an assurance had been given by Mr. Donald, on behalf of Government, that Indian interests would be fully safeguarded and that the composition of the Commissioners had been changed for that very purpose that the Bill was passed in the form Government wished.

We hope the situation that has now arisen does not imply that the assurances then given on behalf of Government were only so much wasted breath. It is certainly curious that there should have been inordinate delay in a decision being reached regarding tenders that were closed more than three months ago. It will be remembered that Government rushed the Bill through the Bengal Council, on the plea that any delay in the construction of the bridge might prove disastrous, since, according to them, the existing Bridge was not expected to be serviceable after six or eight years. The Bill was passed in 1926, and while eleven years have elapsed nothing has been done towards the construction of the new bridge. We feel it is high time a decision was taken, and we expect the decision finally taken will be in accordance with the pledges given by Government and fully in the interests of India. In this case, especially, where so much hard earned money of the taxpayer is involved, public opinion would resent any surrender to the dictates of big business interests either in Great Britain or any other foreign country and would insist that as much of the money as is possible be spent in India, through Indian enterprise and Indian industry.

THE THREE SPECTRES—III

The Dreams Of Japan

(By Hucheshwar G. Mudgal, M. A., (Columbia).)
(Special to the "Chronicle".)

Of all the nations in the world to-day the Japanese are the most well disciplined, united and patriotic nation. As such they are on the threshold of new power, political territorial, industrial and commercial. The Japanese people are determined to win this power even if they have to tread on the toes of the entire world.

In pursuit of this ambition the Japanese have made three preparations: National Discipline, Well Organized Machine Industry, Close Study of International Politics. These are absolute essentials if they have to achieve their ambitions.

National Discipline

Japan is in many respects like Great Britain. They are both situated off their respective mainlands, poor alike in natural resources. They live by manufacturing goods and selling them to others. They have both become great sea powers.

But all this is not remarkable in itself. Japan is studiously imitating Britain, even to a fault.

The Japanese people are as intensely patriotic, as devoted to the symbol of their unity—king or emperor, as the British. Just as no Briton, especially a Briton in power, whether he is a die-hard, liberal, socialist or even communist, would never dream of letting the hold of his national power on others slip by, just as no Briton would hesitate for a moment to throw overboard his party, religious or economic allegiance whenever the safety of his country or its prestige is menaced so does a Japanese. If anything, the Japanese sense of national interest, of national honour, of national glory is more intense than that of the British.

We all remember that the Japanese were as disunited, as weak, as eager to "reach heaven" as the Indians and Chinese only some odd eighty years ago, that is, less than three generations ago. How did they accomplish this unity, this discipline and through them "Freedom" and "Power"?

Due to Realistic Statesmen

The credit is due to the realistic statesmen who saw that their disunity would soon lose their freedom which had already been curtailed by the western powers. They discovered that they could not retain their freedom even after unity with paddle-boats, swords and spears, let alone with spinning wheels, against warships, modern guns and other armaments.

These statesmen also realized that they could not eternally keep on buying war materials from abroad. That would be too risky in emergencies as well as economic suicide to keep on expending national income in foreign countries. Hence the rise of machine industries in Japan just as in Stalin's Russia to-day.

The Industrial Machine

When war equipments were completely ready Japan could not sit quiet and keep its industrial machine idle. The only logical thing to do was to go ahead and manufacture consumers' goods and thus stop the drain of national income for everyday necessaries. The world now knows that Japan has succeeded in manufacturing cheap articles that can compete with any nation in price although not in quality.

How did they do it? The Japanese capitalists, although imitators, have used their heads for other than wearing a western felt hat, which is certainly not the case with the Indian capitalists. They have studied the organization technique of the western industries thoroughly, and what is still more important, they have made it a point to train "Only Japanese" to acquire the requisite technical knowledge from abroad. In contrast how pathetic that the Indian capitalists do not even trust an Indian expert even if superior to their beloved English experts!

Training the Workers

Another important thing about the Japanese industrialists is that they have taken extreme pains to train their workers in the skill needed for their industries by opening schools, organizing evening classes, by lectures, demonstrations, and so on. They have also treated them well in spite of the low standard of living prevailing among workers compared with that prevalent, for instance, in America.

There has been a good team work between the Japanese workers and industrialists, almost a sort of co-operation. It is true that the workers are severely dis-

(Continued on page 8.)

OUR MOSCOW LETTER

Opportunities Of Trade Between India And U. S. S. R.

By A. AZIZ AZAD.

(SPECIAL TO "THE CHRONICLE")
MOSCOW.

With the establishment of diplomatic relations between the USSR and Czechoslovakia last year the political and economic relations between the two countries are developing with remarkably rapid speed. The Czechs were the first to follow France in the signing of a pact of Mutual Assistance with the Soviet Union. Czechoslovakia was one of the first countries that took active part in inviting the Soviet Union, and later facilitating the entry of the USSR in the League of Nations.

Soviet-Czech Credit Agreement

Czechoslovakia has also signed a trade agreement with this country and in a short period of time has discovered that she made no mistake by so doing. Trade between the two countries has, within a very short period of time developed to an important amount. Czechoslovakia, whose foreign trade, like that of other European countries, has been affected by the world-wide depression, has felt new life put into her trade and markets. And to give further impulse to her trade with the Soviet Union, one of the few large buyers of industrial goods and raw materials to-day, she has signed another agreement the other day in Prague. The new agreement provides for the floating of a Soviet loan in Czechoslovakia in the amount of 250 million Czech Kronen to cover payment for Soviet orders in Czechoslovakia, placed within 12 months from the date of the signing of the agreement.

The bonds of the loan, which pay 6 per cent per annum, will be included among the securities officially quoted on the Prague exchange, and the loan is fully guaranteed by the Czechoslovakian Government.

Trade Commissar's Comment

This is the second financial agreement during the course of the past two months concluded by the Soviet Union since the change of its import policy, which permits the development of trade only on conditions granting the USSR long term credits. Germany has allowed the Soviet Government credits on quite suitable terms, thus increasing the amount of Soviet order in Germany.

In a press statement commenting on the Soviet-Czech Trade Agreement, the Commissar for Foreign Trade, Mr. Rozengoltz, said: "The credit agreement with Czechoslovakia makes it possible for us to place orders in accordance with the terms of this agreement, but does not oblige us to place these orders, thus emphasizing the fact that the USSR will not agree to pay prices higher than those paid by competitors. If this credit is used fully, our orders in Czechoslovakia will soon be five times what they were in 1934." In conclusion, the Commissar stated that: "In order to increase the orders of the USSR in Czechoslovakia the later must facilitate the development of Soviet exports to Czechoslovakia."

India And Russia

Soviet Russia is developing trade relations with all important countries of the world. Japan, Germany, the United States, and Great Britain occupy important places among those countries conducting trade and business with this country. Iran, Turkey, and Chinese Turkistan are also of the best buyers and sellers dealing with this country, but India, which before the Revolution, exported and imported a good deal of the commodities of these countries, at present seems to have very unimportant and negligible trade relations with the USSR.

Soviet Russia could be one of the best buyers of Indian raw cotton, high quality timber, and other goods, while she could supply India with a number of industrial products. If the interested business organizations of India, particularly the chambers of commerce, would give their serious attention to the matter of finding large and profitable markets for Indian goods, they would see how quickly trade relations would develop to the mutual benefit of these two neighbouring countries.

Turkish Ambassador's Death

Wasif Chinar, Turkish Ambassador to the USSR, died at the Kremlin Hospital after a brief sickness of 2 days due to acute necrotic inflammation of the pancreas, auto-intoxication of the organism, and weakening of heart action.

The late Wasif Chinar, who was 39 years of age, was one of the closest friends of President Ata Turk and was twice ambassador to the USSR. He is called a friend of the Soviet Union by the Soviet press. Every effort was made to save the life of the deceased by the Soviet's best known professors, who attended him in the Kremlin Hospital, but all attempts were futile.

Moscow has never paid such homage to the departed as she rendered to the remains of the late ambassador. Among the guards of honour were M. Litvinov, Voroshilov, the War Minister, a representative of President Kalinin and the entire diplomatic corps. At the conclusion of the civil and military ceremonies the coffin bearing the body of Wasif Chinar was sent to Sebastopole, whence it will be carried by warship to Istambul. Telegrams of condolences have been exchanged between members of the Turkish and Soviet Governments.

Frankly Speaking

SELF-SACRIFICING ALTRUISM

It was an interesting statement that Captain Anthony Eden made in the House of Commons in regard to the Anglo-Italo-Abyssinian position. Britain, said Mr. Eden had generously offered a strip of territory in British Somaliland which would give Abyssinia access to the sea. Such self-sacrificing contribution by a third party to the cause of peace between two contestants would indeed be admirable, were it not for the fact that it was made at the expense of one of the latter. Britain offers her own strip of territory as an inducement to Abyssinia to agree to "territorial and economic concessions" in Abyssinia to Italy! Britain may not be "inspired by egotistic motives," but is her self-sacrificing altruism—supposing there is no other material significance in the proposal—fair to Abyssinia?

GROTESQUE INCONGRUITY.

The world knows—and the British better than the rest of it—to what ultimate end "territorial and economic concessions" would work in practice. They clearly involve the extension of Italian Imperialism over Abyssinia. The British position, therefore, is that Abyssinia should accept "a strip of British territory" and access to sea and in return not only cede a part to Italy but also surrender the rest of herself to what is tantamount to the domination of that country. And it did not occur to Mr. Eden that to seek to deal in such a way with a member of the League because British Foreign Policy was founded on her membership of the League of Nations was grotesquely incongruous.

PUNJAB CONGRESS AFFAIRS.

When, a few months ago, Babu Rajendra Prasad had to cancel his Punjab tour owing to ill health, we had expressed the hope that he would find the earliest possible opportunity to resume it in view of the unfortunate position to which rivalry of groups had reduced the Congress in that Province. It is, therefore, very gratifying to note that he has taken advantage of his visit in connection with the organisation of the earthquake relief work to tackle the problem of differences among Congress leaders. He has already had interviews with the rival groups and we are confident that, with his tact and wisdom he would be able to bring about a satisfactory and amicable compromise. The Punjab leaders, we hope, will realise that their personal prejudices have done more than enough mischief and that it is high time for them to consider their obligations to the cause, to the organisation and to the people, who have nothing to do with these differences.

WHY THIS RESTRICTION?

It is gratifying to learn that the Aero Club of India and Burma have decided to hold the Viceroy's challenge Trophy Air Race early next year. It will be remembered that the Race had to be abandoned last year owing to various reasons, and the news, therefore, will be heartily welcomed by all those interested in the progress of Aviation in India. It is the only race of its kind run in this country, and its value in making Indians more air-minded cannot be gainsaid. The course of the race is altered this year and will extend from Madras to Delhi, which will certainly add to its popular appeal. There is one point in the communique however which invites comment. It appears that the Aircraft to be used in the race will be confined to British manufactured machines, registered in the British empire. We fail to see the justice of this restriction on the choice of machines, considering that the sole aim of the race is to make Indians more enterprising in the field of aviation. The restriction may be a handicap to some of the competitors themselves, who in fairness ought to be allowed free latitude in the choice of their machines. It will be recalled that even in the famous Australian Air race last year no such conditions were laid down.

GUJRAT CONGRESS SOCIALISTS

Acharya Narendra Dev, President of the Gujrat Socialist Conference, and Mr. Yusuf Meherally have issued an opportune statement replying to some of the charges that have recently been levelled against the Congress Socialists of Gujrat. They have reiterated that their party is not anti-Congress and we see no reason to doubt their word. We are glad that the two Congress Socialist leaders are determined to overcome these prejudices—which are but natural in the case of a newly-born party—"by persuasion and reasoning." But more than that, the best and the most effective vindication of their loyalty to Congress will be, "the active and concrete work in which the party will soon have to engage itself." Incidentally, as they themselves suggest, this work will also be the best corrective of any ultra-leftist tendencies that there might be in some sections of the party. We now look forward to see the party engaged in earnest constructive work.

— PRESS VIEWS —

Widen The Basis

It was only a fortnight ago that this paper suggested that the occasion of the Congress completing the Diamond Jubilee of its existence may be utilized for widening its platform to allow such ex-Congressmen to join the ranks of Parliamentary wing of the Congress as wish to do so. The reason why we made the suggestion was, that, to our mind, there is no difference whatever in the political outlook and ideals of the Congressmen and most of the Liberals. Their difference lies in the manner they wish to enforce their point of view on the authorities in given circumstances. The evolution of the Congress has now brought it up to a stage when the Congress has introduced parliamentary aspect of activities along with the non-parliamentary. Which means that there is scope for all patriotic and nationalist elements in the country to act in the name of the Congress.—"Roy's Weekly."

What Does It Mean?

What is the nature of [illegible] derick Leith Ross's mi[illegible] China? Is it out of [illegible] altruistic motive of h[illegible] in her present tro[illegible] vide her with exp[illegible] reconstruction [illegible] system that he [illegible] Or is there a[illegible] intriguing [illegible] is an ope[illegible] nations, have been watching with no small concern the rapid extension of her sphere of influence in China by Japan. It is also an open secret that they feel that, since co-operative and collective action through the League of Nations to checkmate Japan's progress is impossible to achieve, each nation should endeavour to secure a guarantee of its rights in China on its own initiative. There is, of course, the Nine Power Treaty: [illegible]t it has been treated as worse [illegible] a scrap of paper by Japan [illegible] her being any the worse [illegible] putting all things toge[illegible] will not perhaps be too [illegible] a conclusion to draw that [illegible] British expert's mission to [illegible]na is not entirely with the [illegible]ject of pulling the latter's mone[illegible]ary chestnuts out of the fire for [illegible]her.—"Indian Nation."

All that Muslim Communalists who are howling and shrieking in self-protection need do to win Mahasabha support for the Communal Award is to declare their opposition to it.

The rest will be done by Bhai Parmananda.

* * * *

A GENUINE CASE OF REINCARNATION.

We suspect the very emphasis on its genuineness.

* * * *

By the way a Press report says: Congress, Sir A. P. Patro declared, had not yet laid down a constructive policy and constructive programme and asked when it would do so.

Shades of Washington Irving and Rip Van Winkle!

* * * *

Lord Zetland did not agree to the inclusion of the term "Dominion Status" in the preamble of the India Bill because "it is almost impossible to give legal definition to Dominion Status."

You would wrongly object that the noble Marques, a worthy Briton and, of course, a worthy successor of Sir Samuel Hoare, forgot the Statute of Westminster. As a matter of fact he actually remembered only too well the Statute and also Lord Sankey's latest judgment. And don't you know why? But rub it not into our Liberal friends, please.

* * * *

Sir Abdul Halim (late Mr. A. H.) Ghaznavi, the Muslim "leader" of India and Bengal, says: "I have a strong conviction that the new constitution which is about to be inaugurated will make our politics real, forceful and honest. . . . ."

Amen Sir Abdul Halim, Amen!

* * * *

"In our opinion the Congress is primarily responsible for the segregation of Liberals," says the Secretary of the Amritsar Liberal League in a letter to Pandit Kunzru.

It is.

* * * *

Horoscope Is No Evidence.
—Headline.

Why not. It is—of a particular state of mind.

* * * *

Captain Eden explained in the House of Commons that the object of his visit to Paris was to give France "a full and frank explanation of the Anglo-German naval agreement."

But Laval already knew the full and frank explanation of it.

* * * *

A consignment of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes is shortly to leave India for London. The poison will be extracted in the London Zoo.

There is no truth in the rumour, however, that the Die-hards have applied for a supply of the venom. They don't need it.

* * * *

We learn from the "New Statesman and Nation" of London that the recipients in the British Honours list include two Trade Union leaders who figured prominently in the General Strike.

It would however, be very dangerous for our own Trade Unionists to seek encouragement from this.

* * * *

Woman—The Stepping Stone or Man.
—Headline.

We consulted a married confrere —what?—and he says there are exceptions to the rule. We consulted other husbands and each one said the same thing.

We are still wondering.

* * * *

Prospective Tenant: "Look here, your advertisement stated that this room had a heavenly view."

Landlady: "That's right—there the skylight."

Impossible To Define Dominion Status

Zetland Tells Why Snell's Amendment Is Unacceptable

When the House of Lords began the Committee Stage of the India Bill on Monday, Lord Snell (Lab.) proposed an amendment for insertion in the Preamble, declaring Dominion Status to be the natural issue of the Indian constitutional progress.

The amendment, however, was negatived by 85 votes to 7.

LONDON, July 1.

The Dominion Status question was raised by an amendment by Lord Snell when the House of Lords began the Committee Stage of the India Bill.

Lord Snell proposed to insert at the beginning of clause five: "With a view to the progressive realisation of responsible Government in British India, so that, through natural issue the Indian constitutional progress of the Dominion Status shall be attained" Lord Snell claimed that the acceptance of the amendment would satisfy the whole of India and set the minds of the country free for the great task of social re-construction.

Lord Zetland said he was unable to accept the amendment, because it was almost impossible to give the legal definition to Dominion Status. The amendment was negatived by 85 votes to 7.

Accession Of States.

An amendment by Lord Strabolgi to clause 5 deleting the necessity of Parliament presenting an address for the proclamation of federation was negatived without division. He was similarly unsuccessful in an attempt to remove a condition in clause 5 relating to the accession of the States. He said he entirely favoured the States federating, but did not wish that the Federation should be delayed until 51 per cent came in.

Lord Zetland, opposing the amendment which was rejected, said it was a condition in Government's policy that the federation should be an All-India Federation, which obviously was impossible without a reasonable number of States.

A debate on the financial position ensued on Lord Fitzalan's amendment providing that the proclamation should not be issued until the Commission reported on the financial position and justified the establishment of the Federation.

Lord Zetland did not deny the importance of the financial position but he would remind the House that an expert financial inquiry would be made in India before provincial autonomy was established; while the additional cost of establishing the Federation is expected to be comparatively small.

The amendment was negatived by 79 votes to 26.

Lord Lloyd proposed an amendment to clause 11 providing that the function of the Governor-General in respect of the defence shall be deemed to include the control and superintendence of the Central Intelligence Bureau.

Same Object.

Lord Zetland said that Lord Lloyd and government had the same object. Government intended that the Bureau should be controlled by the Governor-General in his discretion, but the amendment would, to some extent, limit his discretion. The amendment was negatived.

The debate was adjourned till to-morrow. Lord Londonderry pointed out that the progress was not rapid, and it might be necessary to sit later on Wednesday and Thursday.—Reuter.

PADDY DUTY TO REMAIN

LONDON, July 1.

The House of Commons, during the Report Stage of the budget, negatived Sir Waldron Smithers' motion to omit paddy duty Dr. Edward Burgin declared that every argument advanced at the Committee Stage had been tested properly and effectively by the Board of Trade.

Dr. Smithers' had been received by the President of the Board of Trade and the Trade Commissioner of India, and it was the intention and desire of Government that the duty should remain. It was designed to give India a preference corresponding to a penny in the pound on the cleaned rice after allowance has been made for the loss of weight in the milling.

During the report stage of the Finance Bill Mr. Swald Lewis (Ccn) moved a clause designed to ensure that similar relief to that given in respect of double income tax should be given to any one domiciled in Britain whose Indian income is subject to the Indian land revenue tax.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain replying said it would be difficult to accept the clause without giving similar concessions to other cases in dominions where charges of different character made in the provisions for the relief of double income tax in British Empire had placed upon the tax payers of this country an altogether unfair burden. It did not work out as anticipated

He hoped that before the next Imperial Conference they would hold preliminary discussions with a view to discover something more equitable than the present arrangement. Until that time arrived he could not make any further change adding to British taxpayers burden.

The Clause was negatived without division.—Reuter.

REGULAR TRANS-ATLANTIC AEROPLANE SERVICE

Bellanca Corporation Completes Plans For New Undertaking

LONDON, July 1.

The Bellanca Aircraft Corporation announces that it has practically completed its plans for a regular Trans-Atlantic aeroplane service. The first machine is scheduled to fly in eight weeks time from Floyd Field, New York to Liverpool piloted by Clive Pangbourne. The plane carries 18 passengers and over 100 applications for seats have hitherto been received.

The Bellanca Corporation recently established a British subsidiary company with headquarters at Liverpool.—Reuter.

KING'S COLT WINS BOTTISHAM STAKES

NEWMARKET, July 2.

The King was present first day of the July meeting and saw his colt "Bonne Dundee" ridden by Fred Fox easily win the Bottisham Stakes over a mile distance to the accompaniment of terrific cheering. "Bonnie Dundee" 5—2 was the second favourite.—Reuter's Special.

Calcraft Kennedy Dead

LONDON, July 2.

Death has occurred of Mr. B. C. H. Calcraft Kennedy late I.C.S. author of "Lost Dominion" under the pseudonym of "Alcart-Ill".—Reuter's Special.

CHARGED UNDER GAMBLING ACT

Sequel To Raid On Bungalow At Walkeshwar

Three men were arrested on Monday night by the Gamdevi Police, following a raid of a small bungalow, lying at the rear of another bungalow at 244, Walkeshwar Road, when sutta slips and some cash were seized by the police.

In this connection Parmanand Sursingh, Ranchordas Chaturbhuj and Lalla Jeewan appeared before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate Girgaum Police Court, to answer charges under the Gaming Act.

The Magistrate permitted the bail issued by the police to continue. Hearing was fixed for the 12th instant.

C.-IN-C. FOR QUETTA.

(From Our Correspondent)

QUETTA, July 2

The Commander-in-Chief is due to arrive here to-morrow morning by plane from Simla. During his stay important questions regarding the continuance of Quetta as a military station on the present scale or on limited one is expected to be tackled.

CALCUTTA, July 2.

Defeating the Calcutta Football Club by a solitary goal this evening the Mahomedan Sporting Club retained the championship of Calcutta Football League, which they were the first Indian team to win last year. About 50,000 enthusiasts witnessed the game.—A.P.

ROOSEVELT SUFFERS SETBACK

Adverse Vote Against Proposal To Control Utility Companies

WASHINGTON, July 1

President Roosevelt suffered a setback when the House of Representatives voted by 216 votes to 146 against his request for legislation to abolish unnecessary holding in companies by 1942.

The vote is regarded as a crucial test of the President's hold over Congress, and is represented as a trial of strength between the administration and the powerful influence of the public utility companies.—Reuter.

INDIAN MERCHANTS MEET COMMERCE SECRETARY

(Continued from page 1)

had the duel effect of restricting the exports from India and dislocating the Indian export trade. Therefore, the Chamber requested that the problem which was not studied so far by the Government be studied forthwith.

SYSTEM OF LICENSES

As a protective measure, the Committee put forward for the serious consideration of the Government a scheme for regulation of imports and exports from India to those countries which have adopted these measures of restriction, by system of Licenses. The Committee further submitted that the object of licensing would be partly to see that the current channels of trade were not blocked, and lastly that Indian nationals engaged in trade who are being penalised at present should have their proper share in the import and export trade of this country, instead of such trade passing into the hands of nationals of the Continental countries.

In this connection the Committee also requested the Government to give details about the progress of the negotiation by Government for trade treaties with different countries like Canada, Ireland and Italy.

COMPANIES ACT REVISION

Another subject discussed was about the revision of the Indian Companies Act. The Committee urged that the report of the Special Officer should be expedited, and when submitted, it should be published. The committee also suggested the appointment of a committee with a non-official Indian majority for the examination of this material in consultation with the chambers of commerce and make recommendations to the Government.

About Insurance Legislation, the Committee brought to the notice of the Secretary to the Government the various evils in this direction, namely exploitation by foreign companies and the growth of many new and small companies in which the shareholders' as well as the policy holders' interests were not adequately protected. So it urged the Government to introduce Insurance legislation at an early date.

FUTURE OF TARIFF BOARD

In connection with the treatment given by the Government to the reports of the Tariff Board, the committee reiterated its protest against the treatment given to this expert agency appointed by the Government themselves.

The Committee also liked to know what changes the Government proposed to make in the constitution of the Tariff Board in response to public opinion and criticisms already received.

The committee also expressed its regret at the decision of the Government in the matter of heads and reeds and the rejection of the Tariff Board's recommendation on very slender technical grounds, and demanded from the Government a categorical statement as to their attitude towards the new industries which are being established in this country.

NOT TOO LATE TO HAND.

With regard to glass industry, the committee deplored that the Government had again taken a wrong decision with respect to the recommendations of the Tariff Board which were shelved for three years. The Committee urged that even now, it was not too late for the Government to give effect to the Board's recommendations in order that glass which is of much importance in domestic consumption and ornamental use could be produced in India and that India could be ultimately self-sufficient with regard to this article.

In respect of the reported settlement with maritime States in Kathiawar regarding Customs, the Committee wanted to know at what stage, the negotiations were and whether there were any prospects of an early settlement.

In conclusion, the Committee urged the amendment of the Indian Merchandise Marks Act to penalise the imitation of Indian names and trade marks and prevent goods imported from abroad to be passed off as Indian.—United Press.

Miss Suniti Kesarkodi, a registered Co-ed from Bombay, has become very popular in the Californian University where she is prosecuting her studies. She handles western music on her 'native' Sitar with the same ease with which she plays Indian songs on the instrument. She thinks that women in the West spend, or rather waste, too much time in their dressing and toilette.

BRITISH PRESS ANGRY

RUGBY, July 2.

In the House of Commons, a statement by Mr. Eden with regard to his discussion with Sgr. Mussolini upon the Italo-Abyssinian dispute, during which the Duce rejected the British offer to cede territory to Abyssinia in order to make a settlement possible, is the subject of press comment, in which the attitude of Italy receives vigorous criticism.

"NEWS CHRONICLE."

The "News Chronicle" says "Whatever may be said about the policy which proposes to cede territory in order to settle a dispute which is no direct concern of ours, it is clearly not selfish."

"THE GUARDIAN."

The "Manchester Guardian" says:—"Now that the offer has been rejected, Signor Mussolini should be told "that the powers cannot and will not countenance so gross an infringement of the Covenant and of the principle of collective security as would be any use of force against Abyssinia."

"THE TIMES."

The "Times" is of opinion that Italy's grievances, some of which can be understood, "do not entitle her to act completely counter to the treaties and other agreements which she herself has signed. Her policy is not in accordance, for instance, with the separate treaties which she has signed with Ethiopia and with Great Britain and France. It is contrary to the spirit both of the Kellogg Pact and of the Covenant. It threatens the very foundations of the collective system. It casts renewed doubts upon the value of treaties—even those which have been signed spontaneously. For these reasons British public opinion views with profound misgiving the Italian policy towards Ethiopia and will whole-heartedly support the Government in any proposals which they may still consider to have the slightest prospect of producing a peaceful solution."

"THE TELEGRAPH."

The "Daily Telegraph" says that British opinion generally will approve of Mr. Eden's plain intimation that the British Government "could not remain indifferent to events which might profoundly affect the future of the League". It recalls that in 1923 Britain opposed the admission of Abyssinia to the League which France proposed.—B. O. W.

ENGLAND ROUTED IN SECOND TEST

(Continued from page 1.)

ridge and Nichols were together with 17 and 3 respectively with the total at 138 for 7.

AFTER TEA PLAY.

On resumption Langridge was out lbw to Balaskas under the rule (141/8/17). Balaskas brought the innings to a close by taking the two remaining wickets. Verity was caught by Langton for 8 (149/9/8) and Mitchell was stumped by Cameron for 1. Nichols, the remaining batsman, was unbeaten with 7.

South Africa thoroughly deserved the victory. They adapted themselves better to condition.

SOUTH AFRICA: 2nd Innings

Siedle c Farrimond b Mitchell	13
Mitchell (not out)	164
Rowan lbw b Nichols	44
Nourse b Verity	2
Cameron c Ames, b Mitchell	3
Dalton c Wyatt, b Verity	0
Wade b Verity	0
Langton c and b Hammond	44
Extra	8
Total (for 7 wickets) declared.	278

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Nichols	18	4	64	1
Hammond	14.4	4	26	1
Mitchell	33	5	93	2
Verity	38	16	56	3
Langridge	10	4	19	0
Holmes	4	2	10	0
Wyatt	4	2	2	0

ENGLAND'S 2ND INNINGS.

Wyatt b Balaskas	16
Sutcliffe lbw Langton	38
Leyland b Crisp	4
Hammond c Cameron b Langton	27
Ames lbw b Langton	8
Holmes b Langton	8
Langridge lbw b Balaskas	17
Farrimond b Crisp	13
Nichols (not out)	7
Verity c Langton b Balaskas	8
Mitchell st Cameron b Balaskas	1
Extras	4
Total	151

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Crisp	15	14	30	2
Bell	12	3	21	0
Balaskas	27	8	54	4
Mitchell	2	0	11	0
Langton	11	3	34	4

Cambridge Versus Oxford

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, July 2.

A match between Cambridge versus Oxford at Lords has been fixed for July 8. Parker, Captain (Selwyn), Bartlett (Pembroke), Grimshaw (Emmanuel), Jehangir Khan (Trinity Hall), Griffith (Pembroke), Cameron (St. Catherines), Wooller (Christs), Hotchkin (Trinity), Tindall (St. Catherines), Yardley (St. Johns) and Gibb (Emmanuel).

Desaram played faultless innings for just over two hours driving and cutting in most attractive style and hit seven fours and helped to add ninety in two hours for the third wicket.

Gloucester skittled out Andrews in one spell and captured four wickets in an equal number of overs conceding 10 runs, finally returning the analysis of 17, 3, 38, 6. Glimblett up turned the analysis 4.1, 0, 10, 4. Gloucester lost the last six wickets for 20 in half an hour.

SURREY versus OXFORD UNIVERSITY: Surrey won by eight wickets. Oxford 324 and 292 (Desaram 59; Seamer 113) Surrey 455 and 164 for two (Sandham 76; Squires 53 not out.)

GLOUCESTER versus SOMERSET: Somerset won by one wicket. Gloucester 218 and 126 (Andrews six/38; Gimblett four/10) Somerset 244 and 101 for nine.

NOTTS versus DERBYSHIRE: Derby won by seven wickets. Notts 205 and 233. Derby 253 and 186 for three (Alderman 76 not out.)

WARWICK versus LEICESTER: Warwick won in first innings. Warwick 289 and 151 (Marlow five/38). Leicester 176 and 214 for seven (Armstrong 105 not out.)

All English Tennis Stars Eliminated

HARTIGAN BEATS DOROTHY ROUND IN WOMEN'S SINGLES AT WINBLEDON

(SPECIAL CABLE.

WIMBLEDON, July 2.

The weather was warm and sunny. In the result of to-day's women's quarter-finals there is no English player in the semi-finals which was contested by Miss Joan Hartigan (Australia), Mrs. Wills Moody (America), Miss Helen Jacobs (America) Mrs. Svend Sperling (Germany).

The weather was hot. Miss Dorothy Round opened nervously Miss Hartigan led by 4—2, twice within the set point at 5—2. Profiting by escape Miss Round successfully peppered. The Australian Champion's backhand was her weak point. In the second set Miss Hartigan serving strongly and hitting forehand winners led by 5—1 again twice in the set point. Miss Round hit the ball fully six inches beyond the baseline when the linesman failed to call out point which was given to Miss Round. Amidst loud booing Miss Round crept to 4—5 but Miss Hartigan to post one set point clinched the set. In the third set Miss Hartigan 2—0 then 2—2 was serving finely, and deep driving Miss Round's backhand hits followed by neat dropshots leading 5—2. Miss Round completely failed to play like a champion. Although she was up against the one stroke player, the Australian's drives nonplussed her.

THE RESULTS

Miss Hartigan beat Miss Round 4—6, 6—4, 6—3.

Mrs. Svend Sperling beat Miss Catherene Stammers 7—5, 7—5.

Mrs. Wills Moody beat Mlle. Mathieu 6—3, 6—0.

Miss Hartigan, the Australian Champion, eliminated Miss Dorothy Round, the holder of the title by 4—6, 6—4, 6—3. Miss Round played far below her best form. Mrs. Wills Moody showing her best form so far beat Mlle Rene Mathieu 6—3, 6—0 Miss Jacobs beat Mlle. Jedzrejowska 6—1, 9—7. Mrs. Sperling beat Miss Stammers 7—5, 7—5. Mrs. Sperling had probably the hardest match of her life Miss Stammers played heroically against her stronger opponent making the German run all over the court. It was only the German's amazing stamina and longer reach which pulled her through. Miss Stammers has improved beyond all recognition and should have been champion this year too. She was 5—1 in second set point twice but was over-eager to rush to the net in efforts to place the ball wide of the German's long reach which proved her downfall.

WILLS-MOODY IN FORM.

Mrs. Wills Moody first time this year showed championship form sweeping the French women off the court by hitting brilliant winners to all parts of the court. One of the best performances of the championship was when Gandar dower Wheatcroft (Great Britain) over Hecht Menzel (Czechoslovakia) Davis Cup pair 1—6, 8—6, 6—4 7—5.

MISS JACOB'S LUCKY WIN.

Miss Helen Jacobs beat Mlle Jedzrejowska 6—1, 9—7. The Polish woman staged remarkable recovery in the second set after being stage-struck in the first. Finding her driving touch she hit winners magnificently to both wings which Miss Jacobs chopped and in reply forced her to do a vast amount of sprinting. The pole went to 5—3 twice in set point to gain the set-point of 5—4 but the American fought back gamely and was a trifle lucky to win two sets while the third might have been fatal since it was an all-in finish.

QUETTA REFUGEES ARRIVE AT PLYMOUTH

LONDON, July 2.

Twenty British women and children evacuated from the Quetta earthquake zone arrived at Plymouth this morning by the liner "City of Venice."—Reuter's Special.

Ex-Servicemen Declare For Peace

Paris Conference For "No More War" Campaign

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

PARIS, July 1.

For the first time since the war a party of German ex-servicemen arrived in Paris to participate in a conference of ex-servicemen regarding the best means of preventing another war. Five British delegates, six Americans, a dozen Frenchmen and representatives of seven other belligerents of the Great War are also attending.—Reuter.

FETED IN LYONS

Leader In Speech Says They Want Peace

LYONS, July 1.

Sixty German ex-servicemen were given a civic reception in the Town Hall. The leader in a speech said they wanted peace. M. Herriot, the Mayor saluted the visitors as the first swallows of spring.

Three Papers, Fund Reaches Rs. 15,000

Ten Thousand Remitted To Rajen Babu, But More Money Still Needed

In order to enable all classes of people easily to contribute their bit to the work of relief, for the sufferers from the Quetta Earthquake, the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel" have in association, decided to open a fund called "The Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund" in their columns. All sums not below Re. 1 will be accepted and acknowledged in the columns of all the three papers.

The proprietors of the three papers have donated a sum of Rs. 1,001 to the Fund.

The readers of the three papers responded, beyond our hopes, to our call for help to swell the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund. The Quetta calamity is vastly greater than that which had overtaken Bihar. The need for relief and consequently for money to provide that relief is much greater. We have no doubt our appeal to the readers of the "Chronicle", the "Samachar" and the "Sentinel" to contribute at least 10 per cent. of their monthly income will evoke a generous and immediate response. We need hardly add that relief delayed is relief denied.

All cheques should be drawn in the name of "The Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund."

Contributors are requested to see that they get receipts from this office for the amounts contributed by them.

SEND YOUR MITE TO 3 PAPER FUND

List of Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund received dated 2-7-35 is as follows:—

	Rs.	
Previously Acknowledged	15,014	15 9
	Rs.	
Rasul Ebrahim	1	0 0
Mr. G. V. Kunalkar	2	0 0
In Sacred Memory of Late Moti Gavarj Nagindas through Jayantilal	7	0 0
Keshavji Premji & Co. Cutch Bhuj as below	100	0 0
Mrs. Laxmiben Bhagwanji Tokarsi	50	0 0
Sakarbai Bachoo Lalchand	25	0 0
Homchand Doongarshi Mehta	25	0 0
	Rs. 100	0 0
Jatashanker Vanechand Daftary	10	0 0
Embroidary	5	0 0
K. A. Merchant Esq.	2	0 0
Shanker Govind Rawoot Esq.	10	0 0
Soni Motiram Ambaram	10	0 0
Vasant D. Khot	10	0 0
Shah Sitaramji Kaniramji and Co.	25	0 0
G. Vihani and Co.	11	0 0
Gordhandas Ramchandra Bhutda	1	0 0
Tejmalji Virchandji Sadadinala	1	0 0
Keshavlal Jagjivan	2	0 0
Dr. M. Johnson	10	0 0
A. Parsi Sympathiser	5	0 0
R. V. Rege Esq.	25	0 0
Seth Manubhai Rangildas and Family	101	0 0
A. Zarthosti F. C. I.	3	0 0
Satindranath A. Dhotre	1	0 0
Dinkar Piraji	1	0 0
Total Rs.	15,357	15 9

MAYOR'S 'QUAKE RELIEF FUND

The following contributions were received on the 1st July towards the Mayor's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund, Bombay:—

Amount previously acknowledged Rs. 86,105 0 3.

ACCOUNT NO. I.

Bai Dossibai N. Belgaumvala, Rs. 51, Miss Jaloo N. Panthaky, Rs. 51, amounts below Rs. 25...42, the staff of Lloyd Bank, Ltd., Rs. 357 11 0, the American Express Co., Inc., Rs. 200, the Staff of the Allahabad Bank, Ltd., Rs. 100, Staff of the American Express Co., Inc., Rs. 38 4 0, Staff of the Travancore National Bank, Ltd., Rs. 37 4 0, per Mrs. Dongarkery amounts below Rs. 25...126.

ACCOUNT NO. II.

The Marwari Chamber of Commerce Ltd., Rs. 250, Dr. A. S. Erulkar, Rs. 101, Dr. N. A. Purandare, Rs. 50, Messrs. Shashade & Co., Rs. 25, total Rs. 87,594 3 3.

PANDIT KUNZRU'S PESSIMISM

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In your issue dated 27th June, 1935, to a question of your representative as to the possibility of creating a deadlock by the Congress in working the new constitution, Pandit Kunzru is reported to have observed that out of nine provinces, barring perhaps two, it would be difficult to obtain a clear majority for any single party in the seven provinces, and hence with the seven provinces, along with the Central Legislature working the constitution, it would make little difference to Government if two provinces stood out.

May I point out that this view of Pundit Kunzru cannot be supported on examining the compositions of the Provincial Legislative Assemblies under the constitution proposed by the Government? Out of eleven provinces, and not nine as stated by Pundit Kunzru, it would be possible for the Congress to get more than fifty-two per cent. majorities in the provincial Assemblies of lMadras, Bombay, the United Provinces, the Central Provinces, and Orissa, from the general constituencies alone, without contesting the seats reserved for Scheduled Castes, Marathas, Minorities, Women, or Special Interests. Behar is almost sure to become a Congress province for a few seats secured from those allotted to the Scheduled Castes or reserved for Women, will give the Congress an absolute majority in the Legislative Assembly of that province. It is needless to add that the North-Western Frontier Province is certain to be captured by the Congress, as none has any chance of success whatever in that Provincial Legislature, against the workers of Dr. Khan Saheb.

Thus out of eleven provinces, seven provinces will be in the absolute control of Congress ministers, and hence it will be difficult for the Federal Government, or the Provincial Governors, to run their administrations smoothly if they resort to autocratic highhandedness. In fact a deadlock can easily be created if such a situation arises, and that will give an opportunity to the Congress to compel the British Government to ...mmon a Constituent Assembly ...d after seeking its approval to ...fer upon India a constitution ...ving this country at least virtual independence.—Yours, etc.,

SOHRAB H. BATLIVALA.

Dadar, July 1.

Matriculation English Texts

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—"The Selections in English Prose and Verse" prescribed by the Bombay University for Matriculation Examination 1936 are Edited by Principal M. T. Vyas and Mrs. M. Choksi. The first prose selection is an extract from Sir Walter Scott's 'A Legend of Montrose' which treats of the struggle of Montrose against the covenanters of Scotland in 1644-45. In the notes given at the end in the text by the learned editors on page 134 it is said that "the passage belongs to the time of Montrose's rebellion, when an attempt was made to restore Bonnie Prince Charlie to the throne of Scotland and England." It seems to me that the learned editors have mistaken the rising of Montrose for the Jacobite rebellion of 1745 known in history as "The Forty five" when Prince Charles, the Pretender, made an attempt to regain the throne lost by his grandfather.

Will the University authorities or the editors correct or justify the statement in the notes?—Yours, etc.

A SCHOOL MASTER.

Dock Workers' Union

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read with surprise in the papers an account of the proceedings of a meeting of what is styled as the Managing Committee of the Dock Workers' Union. In view of a circular letter from the B.P.T.U.C. office suggesting to all the Trade Union workers not to rush to the press I refrain from making countercharges and confine myself to a few salient points about this so-called vote of censure against me and the General Secretary.

Those who assembled together to pass a vote of censure have resigned long ago. After resignation they recognised the so-called provisional Committee and its decisions but they forget that one decision of the Provisional Committee was to dismiss not only the President and the General Secretary but also Messrs. Shetty and Karnik and their friends. These gentlemen describe themselves as office-bearers and members of the Executive whenever it suits them and declare themselves out of the offices whenever they want to support the Provisional Committee. In the B.P.T.U.C. meeting, in which after several hours' discussion the decision was given in my favour, it was declared by the Secretary of the Provisional Committee that these gentlemen had resigned. Dr. Shetty, Mr. Karnik and Mr. Madan Shetty had endorsed the declaration of the Secretary of the Provisional Committee.

Again the B.P.T.U.C. resolution is clear on the point, it condemns the Provisional Committee for several reasons.

Under these circumstances we simply ignore this so-called censure and carry on the work of the Union in the new office. I shall issue a detailed statement after referring the matter to B.P.T.U.C. —Yours, etc.

ALI BAHADUR KHAN.

Bombay.

J. J. School Of Art

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir.—It is a well-known fact that Sir J. J. School of Art is looked upon by the public as the cheapest and most efficient institution for instruction in Art. It must be said to the credit of the Government and the authorities of the school that they have been always awake to the requirements and needs of the poor art students by arranging suitable classes in Drawing, Painting and Architecture in the morning. They are also gracious in giving scholarships for the students in all sections.

It is, however, a regrettable fact that the authorities thought it better to close the special drawing and painting classes held in the morning for those who could not afford to attend noon classes. The class was working very smoothly upto 1931. On account of various reasons such as—too many changes in teachers—entrusting the class to the fellows who need not be much interested in the class. There was a fall recently in the number of students, the Director, therefore, thought it better to close them. It would have been a boon if the classes were to be continued under a responsible experienced teacher and the students were allowed to appear for Government Drawing and Painting Examinations after a course of increased number of years, as is allowed in the Architectural section. This will certainly improve the condition and status of the class and looking to the advantages they will be getting, students would not mind joining the classes in the school instead of going to the mushroom classes start every year in the City. With these improvements the morning painting classes are sure to be as great a success as the day classes themselves.—Yours etc.,

V. P. KHADILKAR.

July 2.

Homoeopaths' Convocation

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—You have published in your to-day's issue a photograph titled "Annual Homoeopaths' Convocation." The title is too wide and misleading. The Convocation was held on behalf of a certain Homoeopathic College. There are not less than three Homoeopathic Colleges in Bombay, working as three watertight compartments, and the one has nothing to do with the other.—Yours, etc.,

D. S. SARNIS.

The 25th anniversary of the Bharat Itihas Sinshodhak Mandal (Indian History Research Society) was celebrated at Poona on Monday last. Mr. N. C. Kelker (centre) presided.

TO THE REFUGEES' RESCUE

Bombay Quetta 'Quake Committee's Work

The Hon. Secretaries of the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee, have issued the following communique in regard to the Earthquake refugees entrusted to the care of the Committee:—

The Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee was formed on the 21st June and from the first day of its formation the Committee has been looking after the refugees who seek shelter in the "Refugee Home" started by the Committee.

CARE OF THE REFUGEES.

During the first fortnight, the Committee had to deal with no less than 27 refugees, including one woman refugee. The Committee has opened a "Refugee Home" at the Congress House where arrangements have been made to house 10 refugees. The additional number is kept in another "Home" started in Khetwadi. Out of the 27 refugees received by the Committee, 14 who came directly from Quetta were sent to their native places in Ratnagiri District. One was sent to Lucknow. Two of the refugees were sent to Lahore at their own request. In each of the cases where refugees are sent either to their native places or to the places of their choice, all arrangements regarding train-fare, clothing, pocket-expenses, etc., are given by the Committee. The Committee is in touch with various other similar Committees organised in different parts of the country.

In this connection, it is worth noting that the Committee had approached the Railway authorities with a request for free passage to the refugees to their destination but the Railway authorities expressed their inability to accede to the Committee's request.

The Committee has at present got 9 refugees, 7 of whom are kept at the Congress House, while the 2 others are kept at the Congress Free Hospital. Attempts are being made to send these refugees to their relatives and friends, and arrangements are promptly made to despatch the refugees to their respective places.

FOUR MORE CO-OPTED.

The following names have been added to the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee:—Smt. Morghiben Kantanwalla, Sjt. Mohanlal Panachand, Sjt. Jivatlal Kothari, Sjt. Hatim Darbar.

YORKSHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

£2½ Million Of Life Insurance In 1934

The working of the Yorkshire Insurance Company Limited, for the year 1934, presents some interesting features, which are summarized below:—

The gross new sums assured amounted to £2,737,702 producing a yearly Premium Income of £82,699. Re-assurances were effected with other Companies for £158,159, leaving the net new sums assured at £2,579,543 (as against £2,549,345 last year) producing a net yearly premium income of £76,774. In addition single payments amounting to £46,472 net were received.

ACCIDENT AND GENERAL.

The net premiums in this account amounted to £1,270,937 as against £1,219,239 for last year, and the claims to £727,314 with full provision for claims outstanding. After providing the customary unexpired liability Reserve of 40 p.c. of accident premiums and the sickness reserve, and maintaining the additional reserve at £220,000, there is carried to the profit and loss account £13,218.

The premiums received amounted to £375,884 as against £382,257 in the previous account and after deduction of claims and expenses, and carrying £50,000 to the profit and loss account, the amount of the fund carried forward is £607,146.

Includes £8,000 being one-fifth of the profit on reversions and £13,570 the first one-fifth of the shareholders, profits from the Life department declared at the last valuation. After payment of the dividend and other charges including £47,322 for Dominion and foreign taxation, and adding £17,000 to the reserve for income tax, £10,000 has been carried to the general reserve fund and £150,596 is carried forward.

GENERAL RESERVE FUND.

after including the premium on the shares issued to the staff during the year, and the amount transferred from the profit and loss account, amounts to £1,091,065

DIVIDEND.

The Directors recommend that the Dividend be at the rate of 9s. 6d. per share on the fully paid £1, shares, 4s. 9d. per Share on the £2 10s. (10s. paid) Shares and 2s. 4¼d. per share on the fully paid 5s Shares, free of Income Tax. An interim dividend of 3s. 6d., 1s. 9d. and 10¼d. per share respectively was paid on the 15th October last, and it is proposed that the balance of 6s. 3s. and 1s. 6d. per share respectively be paid on th 15th May.

Life: The chief new business and revenue items compare during the past three years as follows:—

Number of policies 1934, 3,386 1933, 3,073.

Sums assured 1934, £2,579,543 1933, 2,549,345.

Annual premiums 1934, 76,774 1933, 69,325.

Single premiums 1934, 46,472 1933, 65,895.

Premium income (total) 1934, 709,765 1933, 705,362.

Interest 1934, 353,77 1933, 327,878.

"Annuity considerations amounted to £176,142 and interest brought in £353,711, claims by death absorbed £221,107 (following £147,196) and by maturity £188,417 (against £144,971). Surrenders, in a ye- following a quinquennial valuation, rose from £77,441 to £87,280. Commission and expenses totalled £98,607, following £98,207, the ratio and premiums again working out at 13.9 per cent. After transferring £13,570 to profit and loss, the fund increased fr m £8,446,949 to £8,957,102. The sinking fund and capital redemptio. fund at the end of 1934 amounted to ...16."

COMMUNAL AWARD IS SAFE

(Continued from page 1.)

(always with the approval of both Houses of Parliament) even before the end of ten years, but within the first ten years (and indeed subsequently if the initiative has not come from Legislatures of India) it is incumbent upon the Secretary of State to consult the Governments and Legislatures of India who will be affected (unless the change is of a minor character) before any Order-in-Council is laid before Parliament for its approval.

ONLY TECHNICAL CHANGE

The necessity for the powers referred to in the preceding paragraph is due to such reasons as the following:

(a) It is impossible to foresee when the necessity may arise for amending minor details connected with franchise and the constitution of Legislatures and for such amendment it would clearly be disadvantageous to have no method available short of a fresh Amending Act of Parliament nor is it practicable statutorily to separate out such details from more important matters such as those by terms of the Communal Award,

(b) It might also become desirable in the event of a unanimous agreement between the communities in India to make a modification in the provisions based on the Communal Award and for such an agreed change it would also be disadvantageous to have no other method available than an Amending Act of Parliament.

GOVT. ASSURANCE

Within the range of the Communal Award His Majesty's Government would not propose, in the exercise of any powers conferred by this clause to recommend to Parliament any change unless such change had been agreed to between the communities concerned.

In conclusion His Majesty's Government would again emphasise the fact that none of the powers in clause 304, can in view of the provisions in clause 305, be exercised unless both Houses of Parliament agreed by an affirmative resolutions.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

CLAIMS FOR POPERTY IN QUETTA

(From Our Correspondent)

QUETTA, July 2.

The following communique has been issued by Mr. B.M. Staig, the Earthquake Commissioner: "Just after the earthquake at Quetta while many of the refugees were still in the refugee camp on the Quetta race course, certain records were made of their claims to the property buried in the city. Since then a special form for submission of the claims has been devised by the Government and published in the press. It would facilitate the disposal of claims if persons whose claims were then recorded and any others who have submitted claims in forms other than that prescribed by the Government would resubmit their claims through the Deputy Commissioner Collector or Political Agent of the area in which they are now residing in duplicate using the forms which the Government has now devised.

The object of having claims in duplicate is that one copy may be forwarded by the officer receiving it to the Claims Commissioner at Quetta and the other retained in the receiving office for future reference if necessary".

THE THREE SPECTORS—III

(Continued from Page 6)

couraged to organize for "industrial warfare" or "class warfare"; but it is done with the idea of never weakening the state.

Lessons She Has Learned

The Japanese have learned that an undisciplined people are unfit in the modern world to be free.

They have learned that without national freedom, security and prosperity no individual is free, secure nor prosperous.

They have learned that religion, however good in personal and community life, cannot serve the practical interests of the State just as no prayers can ever repel an invader.

They have learned that an industrialized nation can never be beaten by an agricultural nation in an open combat.

They have learned that economic independence is vital to political independence of any state.

They have learned that industry and commerce together with agriculture are the vitamins of a nation.

Observing International Events

They have learned the above things and many others by close observation of the doings, sayings, and history of other nations. For instance, they have studied the British history, both in Britain and in India better than any Indian ever has and have deduced correct conclusions there from.

From the Indian history of the last three hundred years they have learned that if personal, dynastic, communal jealousies and ambitions persist any nation, however cultured and rich, is bound to commit suicide as a free state.

From the British history of the same period they have learned that however small, poor or uncultured a people may be they can by sticking together, by an undying devotion to their country make it the most powerful, prosperous and cultured country in the world.

Study Japan

Whether the Japanese have fought the Russians, whether they have divided and conquered the Chinese, whether they have defied the whole body of the western Powers and withdrawn from the League of Nations, whether they have fortified their mandates in the Pacific, whether they have insisted on naval parity they have proved that their observation of international events is masterful. No wonder that all their moves have borne excellent fruits from the standpoint of their national interests, and they have no obligation whatever to view their acts from a non-existent international angle.

No state, no people in the world to-day, for that matter at any time, can fail to benefit both from the blunders and successes of others. Chanakya taught this to us twenty-two hundred years ago. Machiavelli also sought to instruct the same.

It is worthwhile that our own nationalist movement should earnesly study the Japanese policy of the last seventy-five years. We cannot fail to benefit by it.

PUNJAB M. L. As SEE VICEROY

Deputation Urges Immediate Excavation At Quetta

LAHORE, July 2.

The Viceroy received a deputation of the Punjab Members of the Central Legislature led by Lala Ramsaran Das, about the Quetta situation. The deputation included Sardar Mangal Singh, Bhai Parmanand, Lala Shamlal, Mr. Ghaznafar Alikhan and Mr. Ghias Uddin.

The deputationists submitted a memorial and urged the necessity of immediate excavation of property and setting up a tribunal of non-officials to supervise the salvage operations. The deputation lasted nearly two hours.

The Viceroy gave a sympathetic hearing and assured that excavation work will be restarted as soon as expert medical advice permitted.—United Press.

VICEROY AT LAHORE

Visits 'Quake Patients In Mayo Hospital

LAHORE, July 2.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Lady Willingdon, accompanied by Colonel, Ahmuty, Military Secretary and Lieutenant Colonel Stewart, Assistant Private Secretary, reached Lahore this morning.

Their Excellencies and the Governor of the Punjab visited the Quetta 'quake sufferers in the Mayo hospital.—United Press.

MORE LIGHT ON COLLIERY FIRE TRAGEDY

(From Our Correspondent),

SIMLA, July 2.

The following further particulars are now available of the disaster which occurred at Bagdigi Colliery on Saturday evening. The total number of persons involved is, as previously stated, twenty-six. Of these, nineteen are dead. This includes five persons whose bodies are still below the ground. Attempts have been made to recover them, but it is impossible to enter the mine at present, owing to the fierce fire and the dense smoke. It is hoped, the remaining seven persons will recover. The disaster is said to have resulted from an underground explosion of gases. The Chief Inspector of Mines and the Circle Inspector who reached the spot shortly after the accident are inquiring into the occurrence. —A.P.

Information is received at Calicut, that one Srinivasa Kini of Cochin, his wife and three children were among those perished in the Quetta earthquake.

From Next Saturday

MARATHI

USHA

Shalini Cinetone's

GREATEST PICTURE
A MUSICAL SUPER

Directed by: Baburao Painter

Music Directed and Composed by: Govindrao Tembe

From Next Saturday

AT

MAJESTIC CINEMA GIRGAUM

Alembic

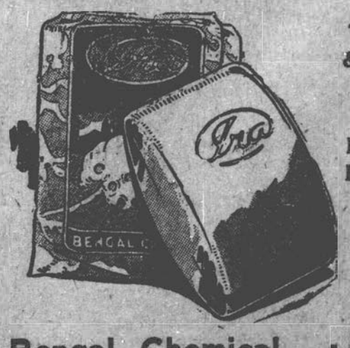
HEMO-DRAKSO-MALT

for

ENERGY, VIGOUR, STRENGTH

POWERFUL DIGESTIVE TONIC.

IRA SUPERFINE TOILET SOAP



Thoroughly Refreshes & Cleanses the Skin

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LASTS LONGER & COSTS VERY LITTLE.

Bengal Chemical : : Calcutta

Bombay Agents:—ORIENT DRUG AGENCY.

BOMBAY MUSLIM CIRCLE'S AUSPICES

Variety Concert

IN AID OF

QUETTA 'QUAKE VICTIMS

MR. K. F. NARIMAN,

The Mayor will preside

DAINTY DANCES
Baby Anjani Kumari,
Miss William,
Miss Azuri,
Miss Sophi,
Mr. Jamnaprasad,
Miss Shazadi,

TABLA TARANG
Kumari Kaushalya.

MELODIOUS MUSIC
Bai Vatsalabai Kumtekar—Radio Star.
Bai Firdousi of Jaypur.
Prof. Khadim Hussein.
Prof. Ahmed Dilawar.

MIMICRIES
Chunibhai B. Patel.

PHYSICAL FEATS
Master SHARAD B. N. MAHESHWARI.

Tickets will be available from:—

IBRAHIM JAFAR, Chakla Street.
H. H. JUMA, Zaveri Bazaar.
RAHIM KARIM MISTRI, Bhatt Mansion—Chaupati.
HAJI MUSA HAJI ABUBAKER, Kolsa Lane—Pydhonie.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE, 4th JULY at 9 p.m.

EVERYONE
WANTS BRITANNIA BISCUITS

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Because - Britannia gives a choice of 33 varieties. You are sure to find one to your liking.

If you have a sweet tooth—you have these to choose from - Brita (Assorted) Baka, Roma, Gem-iced, Konut, Household (Mixed), Cream Sandwich, Ginger Nut, Milk Chocolate Drops, Chocolate Cream, Taj Mahal.

If you prefer slightly sweetened we offer you Thin Arrowroot, Marie, Petit-Beurre, Gem, Ova, Zoological, School and Digestive. And if you have a taste for the unsweetened variety we have them too, Nimki Cheese, Milk, Peg and Water.

Tastes differ but Britannia alone has biscuits to suit all tastes.

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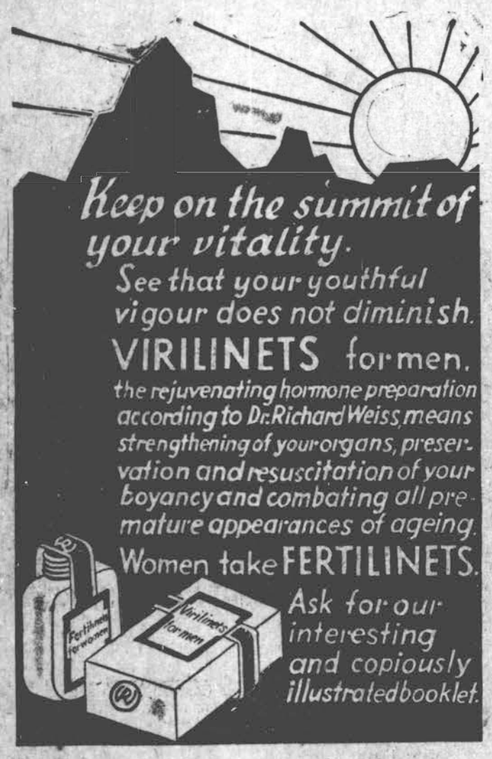
Keep on the summit of your vitality.
See that your youthful vigour does not diminish.
VIRILINETS for men.
the rejuvenating hormone preparation according to Dr. Richard Weiss, means strengthening of your organs, preservation and resuscitation of your buoyancy and combating all premature appearances of ageing.
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(Also Known as Virilline Tablets)

are the Mono Hormonal preparations containing the hormones of the fresh glands. Its STRENGTH is DOUBLED through their being activated by suitable Catalysts (Mineral Vitamines) subjected to Ultra Violet Rays (WHICH NO OTHER SO-CALLED GLAND PRODUCTS SOLD IN MARKET IN SEVERAL NAMES POSSESS.)

It will not only remove the complaints of SEXUAL WEAKNESS, but will also invigorate your entire system to attain LONGEVITY, VITALITY OF YOUTH, STRENGTH OF BODY, WILL POWER OF MIND and will keep back the old age for several years.

100 Tablets: Rs. 7; Small Packet: Rs. 2-12.

Fresh stock bears REJUVENATION picture label.

Sole Distributors for India:—

Madan Trading Co. 1st Floor, 185, Princess Street, Bombay.

Working Of Provincial Loans Fund

TOTAL DEBT OF ALL GOVERNMENTS TOPS Rs. 120 CRORES

SIMLA, (By Mail.)

The report on the working of the Provincial Loans Fund during 1933-34 shows that the balance of the Fund on the 1st April 1935 was Rs. 9,97,233.

The advances made by the Government of India to the Fund during the year amounted to Rs. 3,36,85,000 while re-payments by Provincial Governments to the Fund amounted to Rs. 3,65,99,424 bringing the capital receipts to Rs. 7,12,81,657. The Fund received in addition a sum of Rs. 7,34,021 from the Income Account, being the surplus in that Account during the year. The Fund advanced a sum of Rs. 5,80,71,000 to Provincial Governments and repaid Rs. 1,32,09,828 to the Government of India, so that at the end of the year, the balance in the Fund stood at Rs. 7,34,850.

Of the advance of Rs. 5,80,71,000 a sum of Rs. 3,29,88,000 was for productive purposes and the balance of Rs. 2,50,83,000 was for other purposes.

The total capital liabilities of the Provincial Governments to the Provincial Loans Fund on the 31st March 1934 were Rs. 1,75,184,5175.

TOTAL DEBT.

The total debt of the Provincial Governments on the 1st April 1935, was Rs. 1,22,37,02,107 excluding pre-Reform Irrigation debt, but including sums borrowed in the open market, while their appropriations from revenues during the year for reduction or avoidance of debt amounted to Rs. 1,17,39,588.

The terms of repayment of all advances sanctioned during the year and in previous year has been settled except for the following:

(i) Advances to the Government of Bombay in connection with the Lloyd Barrage Scheme.

(ii) Advances to the Government of Bengal to cover their overdrafts at the end of the years 1931-32, 1932-33, and 1933-34.

The Government of Bombay were permitted to repay the capital instalments of certain advances from the Provincial Loans Funds falling due in 1933-34 only to the extent of the revenue surplus in that year. The Government of Bengal were also permitted to postpone capital instalments of advances from the Fund due in 1933-34, except in respect of one particular advance.

REDUCED RATES OF INTEREST.

With effect from the 1st October 1933, the Government of India in view of the successful conversion of their rupee and sterling loans, reduced the rates of interest payable by Provincial Governments to the Provincial Loans Fund on advance granted to them.

With effect from the same date the rates of interest payable by the Provincial Loans fund to the Government of India have also been reduced correspondingly on an equivalent portion of the advances sanctioned to it by the Government of India during the years concerned.—United Press.

MONSOON EXTENDS INTO U. P.

More Rain Expected On West Coast Of Peninsula

POONA, July 2.

The monsoon has been active along the west coast of the Peninsula and Central Provinces, Deccan, north-east India and Burma. It has extended further into the United Provinces, the Punjab Hills and Kashmir. Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Bihar, United Provinces, east Central India, Kashmir, Konkan, north Hyderabad and Malabar and local in Burma, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Central Provinces, east and north Punjab, south Hyderabad and north Madras coast. A few falls have occurred in Orissa, west Central India, Bombay Deccan, south-east Madras and Madras Deccan.

Chief amounts of rainfall. Tavoy and Gwa 3" each, Victoria Point and Diamond Island 2" each, Mergui 1", Cherrapunji 5", Patna 2", Gauhati Bogra, Jalpaiguri, Dinajpur and Jessore 1 1/2" each, Sibsagar, Dhubri, Narayanganj, Berhampore, Mymensingh and Purnea 1" each, Gorakhpur and Jhansi 2" each, Raipur 1 1/2" each, Hoshangabad, Saugor and Jagdalpur 1" each, Gulmarg 2", Dalhousie and Sonamarg 1" each, Simpla 3/4", Nizamabad 3", Ratnagiri and Cocanada 2" each, Mangalore 1 1/2" Mahableshwar, Vellore and Gopalpur 1" each.

Forecast.—The monsoon will be strong along the Burma coast and the west coast of the peninsula and active in Deccan and Central Provinces. Rainfall will decrease but continue to be fairly widespread in north-east India, the United Provinces and along and near the western Himalayas.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain will occur in Lower Burma during the next 36 hours.—A.P.

RAINFALL REPORT

The following table shows the rainfall during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. on Tuesday—

	For the last 24 hours	From June to date	Total during same period last year
	in.	in.	in.
Colaba ..	0.61	28.50	29.21
St. George's Hospital ..	1.10	43.43	37.60
J. J. Hospital	0.56	39.57	34.12
Matunga ..	0.64	37.48	33.63

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 2-7-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +04.6 inches.

Temperature dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.2 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 83.8 degrees 2.7 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.1 degrees 0.8 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 90 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SSW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 249 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 36 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 0.61 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 1.11 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 28.82 inches.

Weather Remarks Lightning and rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING, DATED 2-7-35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.86 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.66 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

BABY KILLED

Gruesome Crime Perpetrated For Purposes Of Sorcery

TWO MEN GET LIFE IMPRISONMENT

TRIVANDRUM, June 29.

A bench of the High Court, consisting of Justices K. P. Gopala Menon and K. K. Chacko, delivered judgment to-day in the appellate court sentencing Madhavan Pillai, a sorcerer, and his assistant to life imprisonment, says "The Madras Mail."

They had been charged with kidnapping and murdered a 10-month-old child for purposes of sorcery.

The Nagercoil Sessions Judge sentenced the assistant to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment for kidnapping the child but acquitted the sorcerer on grounds of doubt in regard to his complicity in the murder and for lack of evidence.

Appeal Filed.

Against this judgment of the Sessions Judge the Travancore Government filed an appeal. The High Court in calendar revision had also given notice to the sorcerer and his assistant to show reason why they should not be convicted for the offence of murder.

The prosecution story was that the assistant kidnapped the child of Muthayyan at Thuckalay and handed it over to the sorcerer.

Madhavan Pillay and his assistant then took the child to a small water channel called Parayancal Oda and murdered it.

The same night a search was made by the Eraniel Police on receipt of information from the child's parents and the next morning the sorcerer's assistant was arrested. He made a confession to the police that the child was required for purposes of sorcery.

Another sorcerer, who was cited as a witness for the prosecution, gave information that, the child had been murdered to obtain a liquid extract called 'mashi' from its brains. This liquid extract he stated, enabled the possessor to work wonders in black magic.

Body Recovered.

The sorcerer's assistant was tried before the Nagercoil magistrate and he confessed that he and the sorcerer had conspired to obtain 'mashi' from the murdered child. On information supplied by him the body of the child was recovered from a cocoanut frond and the sorcerer was also arrested and charged with murder and abetment of kidnapping.

They were committed to the Sessions and 22 witnesses for the prosecution and one for the defence were examined.

It was argued at the High Court for the Crown that the confession of the sorcerer's assistant had been recorded and should have been relied upon by the Sessions Judge in coming to a decision.

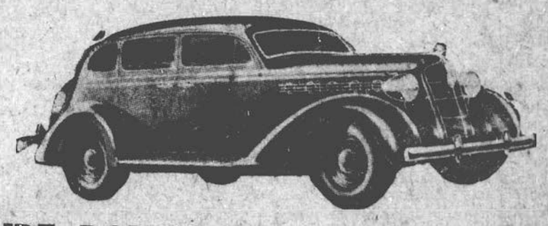
It was argued for the defence that the confession, far from being corroborated in material points, was contradictory in many points, and that there was no direct evidence against the accused in support of the murder charge.

The judge sentenced both to imprisonment for life.

Messrs. T. P. Krishnan Ayyar and T. A. Atchutha Varrier argued for the sorcerer and his assistant respectively.

THE CHOICEST SELECTION

UNDER ONE ROOF.



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5 seater SEDANS

5 seater TOURING SEDANS with very large built-in-trunk.

5 seater PHAETONS.

Luxurious very roomy 7 seater SEDANS on a 128" chassis.

Floating-Ride Chrysler-

PLYMOUTH SIX

with new fuel economy equipment.

More beauty than ever before, well proportioned smart body lines, modern streamlining, roomier interior, wider seats, fine upholstery are all to be found in the PLYMOUTH SIX.

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5 seater TOURING SEDANS with very large built-in-trunk.

Luxurious very roomy 7 seater SEDANS on a 128" chassis.

DODGE BROTHERS TRUCKS

Known the world over for Dependability, Durability and Sound Value. More powerful, more sturdier and more service per ton mile than ever before. ½ ton, ¾ ton 30 cwt. and 40 cwt. chassis available.

CHRYSLER AIRSTREAM SIX & EIGHT and CHRYSLER AIRFLOW 8 AND IMPERIAL 8

From the very first, Chrysler has been independent in thinking—pioneering many of the noteworthy features common to-day on all motor cars.

Airstream six 5 passenger TOURING SEDANS with very large built-in trunk.

Airstream Eight 5 passenger TOURING SEDANS with very large built-in-trunk.

Airflow Eight-6 passenger SEDANS.

Airflow Imperial Eight-6 passenger SEDANS.

Airflow Custom Imperial Eight-8 passenger SALOON LIMOUSINE.

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These biscuits are made with Glaxo. Nourishing for Children. Favourites with all - - - - - - - - - - -

Made by PEEK FREAN London

Agents:—Herbert, Son & Co., Ltd., Bombay & Calcutta; T. Motandas & Co., Opp. Boulton Market, Karachi; Parry & Co., Madras; Harpering Smith & Co., Ltd., Rangoon; Mr. J. H. B. Fernando, 81-83, Chatham Street, Colombo, Ceylon.

LABOUR WORKERS PROTEST

Bombay Meeting Condemns Arrests And Internment Of Leaders

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, a mass meeting of workers was held on Sunday last at the Delisle Road maidan. Mr. Ali Bahadurkhan, the Vice-President of the T.U.C., presided.

The President in opening the proceedings of the meeting eulogized the valuable services rendered by Mr. Ruikar to the working class of India, making special reference to his latest achievement in unifying the two wings of the T.U.C. He appealed to the working class to close up their ranks, unite under the banner of the T.U.C. and carry on the struggle for the amelioration of their miserable condition.

PROTEST AGAINST REPRESSION.

Mr. D. L. Pathak, Secretary of the A.I.T.U.C., then moved a resolution protesting against the arrests and prosecutions of Mr. R. S. Ruikar, President of the T.U.C. and Mr. Tayab Shaikh condemn attack on the working class movement and also the arrest and detention of Messrs. S. V. Deshpande, S. V. Ghate, Dr. Adhikari, S. Adhikari, A. N. Shetty and P. Spratt under the Special Powers' Act and indefinite interning them without trial and without any provision for their livelihood.

In moving this resolution, Mr. Pathak said that by arresting and imprisoning Trade Union leaders, the Government were removing all obstacles from the smooth working of the new Reform which they were bent upon foisting on the country much against her will.

Messrs. Alve, Patkar, Bhise, Gharat, Kandalkar, Sarang, Chaudhary, Abbassi, Kulkarni and several others supported the resolution which was passed unanimously.

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Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 22,50,000

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LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited

Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application

Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities.

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UP BY 19 POINTS

Minor Fluctuations In Cross Rates

GOLD FIRM BUT SILVER EASY

Wheat Weak But Tin And Lead Strong

BOMBAY, July 2.

On Tuesday, crossrate ruled quiet with minor fluctuations.

STEADY UNDERTONE IN N. Y. COTTON.

New York cotton was quiet and colourless in the absence of fresh news from Washington. The undertone however was steady.

GOLD FIRM AND SILVER EASY.

London gold was firm but silver was easy.

WHEAT WEAK AND LINSEED DULL.

Chicago wheat ruled weak under liquidation and Commission House selling. Linseed was dull.

TIN FIRM BUT JUTE QUIET.

Tin and lead were firm. Jute and rubber were quiet.

LITTLE ACTIVITY IN STOCK EXCHANGE.

The London Stock Exchange showed very little activity owing to the absence of speculative demand. Giltedged securities at first displayed better feeling but later interest became negligible.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(OCTOBER 1935)

New York, July 2.

Previous closing	11.50
To-day's opening	11.55
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	11.69
Difference	+.19

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1935

Liverpool, July 2.

Previous closing	6.13
To-day's opening	6.16
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	6.19
Difference	+.06

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs 221

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, July 2.

In the absence of anything definite forthcoming from Washington the market was again rather quiet and dourless with speculative interest at low ebb. However the undertone kept very steady on general indications of a decrease in the acreage.

Trading in October commenced at 11.55 i.e. 5 points higher than previous closing. Prices early improved on better Liverpool advices and moderate foreign buying with October touching 11.56. Thereafter the demand slowed down but the market maintained a good undertone.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.69 with a rise of 19 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 2.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.82/11.80) 11.88/11.87
October (11.48/11.46) 11.55/11.53
December (11.48/11.47) 11.51/11.51

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 2.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American July (6.46) 6.49
American October (6.14) 6.18
Egyptian July (7.80) 7.83
Egyptian October (7.82) 7.84

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 2.

Broach New A-M. moved between Rs 218-4 and Rs. 220-4 at night. The rate at 19-20 p.m. was Rs. 220 with New York futures about 7 points up. Broach old July-August was Rs. 12 higher than Broach New A-M.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, July 2.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 73/6, 73/10 and 74/2. The market was rather quiet owing to the lack of buying power with foreign advices offering little in way of encouragement and with London cables showing farther decline, prices eased under local selling and realising but subsequently the market rallied on news of American purchases with prices closing steady at Rs. 73/10, 73/14 and 74/6.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/15/6, 35/0/3 and 35/1/6. Trading was very quiet and narrow with operators awaiting foreign developments while foreign exchange also failed to stimulate any interest. Prices closed steady at Rs. 34/15/6, 35/0/3 and 35/1/6.

BHAWNAGAR MARKET

Bhavnagar, July 2

(From Sheth Bros.)

Groundnut oil Ashad opened at Rs. 5-3-3 and advanced due to Ghanawala buying to Rs. 5-5-6. Prices declined on outsiders selling and closed at Rs. 5-5-9. Jots Rs. 0-2 work done tins 62,000. Badlo Rs. 0-2-4 1/2 work done tins 1,00,000. Bhadarva opened at Rs. 5-5-9 and advanced on Bombay offices buying to Rs. 5-5-3 outsiders sold closed at 5-5-3 Jots Rs. 0-10 work done tins 92,000. Sutar gold mohor Rs. 104-14. Sugar Rs. 4-13-4 1/2 corrugate Rs. 9-7-9.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 2.

Previous closing	4.94 1/4
To-day's opening	4.94 1/4
To-day's closing	4.93 7/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 2.

To-day's closing	4.94 1/16
To-day's opening	4.94 1/8
To-day's closing	4.94 1/16
Difference	unchanged

FRANC RATE

London, July 2.

Previous closing	74.44
To-day's opening	74.46
To-day's closing	74.44
Difference	unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 2.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94 1/8 and then fell to 4.94 1/16 thereafter movements were narrow.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94 1/16.

Franc opened at 74.46 and then fell to 74.44. Subsequently nothing important developed.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 74.44.

LONDON SILVER

London, July 2.

The market was steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Forward	31 1/4d	31d.
Spot	31 1/2d.	31 1/4d.

LONDON GOLD

London, July 2.

Gold per ounce (£7-1-4 1/2) £7-1-7

DISCOUNTS

London, July 2.

3 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

4 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 13/16 to 7/8 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, July 2. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	1.6 1/8) 1.6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.62 1/4) 5.62
New York on Bombay	(37.37) 37.37
Berlin on Bombay	(0.93) 0.93
London on Shanghai	(1-7 3/8) 1-7 3/8
London on Milan	(59.56) 59.53
London on Kobe	(1-2 1/8) 1-2 1/8

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, July 1.

September	2.43+02
December	2.48+02
March	2.17+02
May	2.22+02

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 1.

July	0.86 5/8+2 1/4c
September	0.87 1/2+2c.
December	0.89 5/8+1 7/8c

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, July 1.

July	11.82—01
August	11.95—06
September	12.05—06

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS.

Bombay, July 2.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 2nd July 1935. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,17,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99/9/3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99/9/0 allotted approximately 85 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. One Crore, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1/11/11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 9th July 1935. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 12th July 1935. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 28th June 1935 Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,78,25,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 2.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with July at 62 3/4 and October 64 1/8. The market displayed little more interest but the lack of any stimulating news from abroad caused traders to act with extreme caution with very restricted business.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 2.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 0.86 3/8. Weather conditions still continue to dominate operations with the result that prices again fell under liquidation and commission house selling.

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 2.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS.

Tin (£229 7/8 buyers £230 sellers. Steady) £229 3/4 buyers £229 7/8 sellers. Firm.

Linseed Calcutta June-July (£13 9/16 buyers. No sellers. Easy) £13 13/16 buyers £13 7/8 sellers. Firm.

Electrolytic Copper (£32 1/2 to £33 1/4) £33 3/4 to £33 3/4

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-9 3/4) 0-9 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (2-4) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-9 3/4) 0-9 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-5) 1-5

JUTE

July August New Crop (£19 5/8) £19 5/8 value.

Dunlop August (£23 3/4) £23 3/4

Lightning August (£22) £22

RUBBER.

Spot (6 1/16) 5 15/16 paid and buyers. Forward (6 1/4) 6 3/16 paid and value.

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay July August (£11 3/4 nominal) £11 5/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta July August (£11 3/8) £11 3/8 nominal.

Linseed La Plata July (£9 1/4 sellers) £9 5/16 sellers.

sellers) £9 1/4 sellers.

Groundnut Coromandal July (£13 3/4 sellers) £13 9/16 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, July 2.

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6 10 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	6 10 9
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	6 10 9
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6 11 6
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	6 11 6
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	6 11 6
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	6 11 9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 2.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat September	4 5 0
Linseed September	6 11 3

The tone was steady.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Steady Undertone In Coals

CALCUTTA, July 2.

In share market, Jutes ruled steady after weekend and moderate business was put through. In Coals the business was on a limited scale, but the undertone kept steady. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Bank shares were in fair request. Government Securities were firm. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—3 1/2 per cent Paper 95/5; 3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 102/8; 4 per cent 1960/70 107 small lot; 5 per cent 1945/55 117/9; 5 per cent U. P. Bonds 1944 112/8 small lot.

Banks:—Imperial Fully paid 1569; Central 38/12, Reserve Bank 130/4.

Railway:—Kalighat-falta Light 90.

Cotton:—Kesoram pref 118 small lot; Mohini Mills 10/4 small lot.

Coals:—Burradhemo 3/8; Deoli 6/3; Equitable 39/8 small lot; Mundulpur 6/14; New Manbhoom 61/12 ex div; Raneegunge 31/4; Standard 33/4; Union 16/4.

Jutes:—Agarpara 27; Adamjee ordy 17/12; Bally 218/8 small lot; Calcutta Jute ordy 26/8; Chitavalsah 29/2; Clive 30/10; Fort William 335; Gourepore 716; Howrah 57; Hukumchand pref 111; India 377; Kamarhatty 587; Kank narrah 507; Lawrence 512; National 24/14 small lot; Nuddea 62/8 small odd lot; Presidency 5/1 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corpn 6/11; Kangra Valley Slate 306; Kumardhubi Fireclay pref 136; Bengal Telephone pref 15 cum div; Cuttack Elec. 9; Jubbulpore Elec. 10/8; Burn and Co. 6 per cent pref 114; Indian Iron and Steel 7/7; Triton Insurance 229; B. I. Corpn ordy 3/8; Indian Wood Products 19; Indian Rubber Manufacturers 12/12; British Ceylon Corpn pref 6/2; Titaghur Paper defd 9/4; Balrampur Sugar 19/4; Cawnpore ordy 35/12; Carew and Co. 21/4; Muree Brewery 179; Samastipore 10; Rubber Kuala Sidim 2 point 15 cts; Debentures: 5 1/2 per cent 1928/43 Birla Jute Mills 106.—A.P.

Continued Investment Demand In Securities

MOTOR SHARES UP DUE TO GOOD TRADE REPORTS

Further Strength In Commodities

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, July 2.

On the Stock Exchange bright spots were giltedged securities on continued investment demand and motor shares due to good trade reports and there was a sharp recovery in British oxygen owing to present holders being likely to benefit in obtaining a part in the proposed increase in the capital on bonus terms otherwise markets were quiet in the absence of fresh public or professional interest.

In commodities forward position further strengthened on overnight buying by America. Copper also advanced.

Wall Street opened firm and sagged slightly.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, July 2.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £98 3/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Monday, June 24	£97 1/2
Tuesday, June 25	£97 1/2
Wednesday, June 26,	£97 1/2
Thursday, June 27	£97 3/4
Friday, June 28	£97 3/4
Monday, July 1	£98

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 2. 3-30 p.m.

General business was quiet. Industrials in general were easy on profit-taking. Oil shares were firmer. Giltedged securities were firm at first but the demand slackened afterwards.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 3/8) £85 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108) £108 3/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£112) £112

4 per cent Funding Loan (£118 1/8) 118 1/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 3/8) £106 3/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116 3/8) £116 7/8

INDUSTRIALS.

British Homestores 7 per cent Preference cumulative (29-1 1/2) 29-1 1/2

Marks and Spencer Splits share (4 1/2) 4 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/2) dol 3 3/4

Musical Industries (24-7 1/2) 24-7 1/2

Princhin Johnson (43-9) 43-9

Imperial Chemical (36-4 1/2) 36-4 1/2

Imperial Chemical Ord (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (112-7 1/2) 112-7 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£80 3/4) £80 3/4

Dunlop Rubber (44-1 1/2) 44-1 1/2

University Ordinary (29-9) 30-6

Ford Motors (34-6) 36-3

Cables and Wireless (£9) £9

British American Tobacco (122-6) 121-10 1/2

Camera A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (140-0) 140-0

P and O S N Company Defd (18-10 1/2) 18-10 1/2

Distillers (94-6) 94-6

Bred and Dyers (8-10 1/2) 8-10 1/2

British Celanese (16-0) 15-4 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (62-0) 61-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (60-3) 59-3

Fine Cotton Spinners (6-9) 6-9

Westerns Limited Ordinary (13-10 1/2) 13-10 1/2

Inter Nickels (£27 7/8) £27 7/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-7 1/2) 5-7 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£107) £107

INDIAN LOANS

London, July 2. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£85 1/2) £85 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97 1/2) £98 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£116 1/2) £116

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£115) £115

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£110 1/2) £110

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9

Donaro Tea (38-1 1/2) 38-1 1/2

Empire of India and Ceylon (29-4 1/2) 30-0

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£13) £13

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (23-3) 23-3

Gula Kelampong (24-4 1/2) 23-9

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-3) 32-3

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (57-6) 58-9

Burma Corporation (9-9) 9-9

Rio Tintos (£15 3/4) £16 1/2

East Rand Proprietory (50-9) 50-9

Rand Mines (157-6) 157-6

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (270-0) 270-0

Goddar New (210-0) 210-0

Moddar New (76-3) 76-3

Sub Nigel (261-3) 260-0

Spring Mines Split Shares (41-10 1/2) 42-6

Union Corporation (170-0) 170-0

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (47-6) 47-6

Anglo Dutch (61-3) 60-7 1/2

Burma Oil (79-4 1/2) 79-4 1/2

Mexican Eagle (5-6) 5-6

Shell Transport (71-10 1/2) 71-3

Royal Dutch (25 1/4) 25 1/4

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£49 5/8) £49 5/8

L M Ford (£20) £20

L N E R Defd (£6 1/8) £6 1/8

Southern Dutch (£23) £23

London Paris 5 per cent (£134) £135

London Board G Stock (£99) £98 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 2.

The following were the opening rates

General Motor (dol 33) dol 33 1/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 14) dol 14 1/4

U S Stel Common (dol 33 3/8) dol 34

U S Steel Preference (dol 86 3/4) unquoted.

SHIPPING NEWS

S.S. "City of Norwich," Captain H. Spencer, Agents Killick Nixon and Co., arrived from Liverpool via Port Said.

S.S. "Ruzwani," Captain R. M. Mirless, Agents Turner Morrison and Co., arrived from Bhavnagar.

S.S. "Hatipara," Captain H. Taylor, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., sailed for Karachi via Coast Ports.

S.S. "Nurjehan," Captain J. F. Smith, Agents Turner Morrison and Co., sailed for Calcutta.

S.S. "Clan Macbride," Captain S. Maccow, Agents James Finlay and Co., sailed for Bhavnagar, Marmagoa and Cochin.

S.S. "Bamora," Captain F. Harrison, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., sailed for Basra via Karachi.

NO DUTY ON SEED POTATOES

SRINAGAR, July 2.

The Kashmir Government have exempted potatoes imported for seed purposes from custom duty on production of certificates by importers from the Agricultural Department.—A.P.

PROTEST AGAINST MEDICAL COUNCIL

Nagpur Medicos Secede And Start New Organisation

(From A Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, July 2.

The dissolution of the Indian Medical Association and the establishments of the Nagpur Medical Council was resolved upon at today's emergent meeting of the Indian Medical Association, Nagpur branch, which dissolved the Local Branch of the Association for maintaining its self-respect and dignity as a protest against the autocratic and foolish attitude of the Central Council of the Indian Medical Association regarding the holding of the next Conference at Nagpur.

In the same meeting the members have resolved and formed a new institution as the Nagpur Medical Council for organising the medical profession in the province. Doctor N. B. Khare, B.A., M.D., M.L.A., and member of the Executive of the Indian Medical Association has been elected as the president and Drs. K. N. Pradhan and Joshi as Secretaries and Dalvi as treasurer.

Reserve Bank Of India

Share Certificates To Be Given On And After 12th August Next To Allottees Of Shares

CALCUTTA, June 29.

The Reserve Bank of India has published the folowing press communique:

1. On and after the 8th July 1935 allottees of shares of the Reserve Bank of India may return their allotment letters together with the two specimen signature cards by registered post (or by ordinary post at sender's risk) to the Officer-in-charge, Share Issue Department, Reserve Bank of India, 7, Hare Street, Calcutta.

2. Allottees who are resident in Calcutta may deposit these personally, in a sealed box, at the Currency Office, 1 Dalhousie Square, East, on any day between the 8th and 13th July.

Individual receipts will not be granted.

3. On and after the 12th August 1935, Share certificates will be delivered to allottees by the office at which they applied for their shares, on surrender of counterfoil of the allotment letter, and subject to their having complied with the instructions contained in the allotment letter. Those allottees who prefer to have their share certificates forwarded to them by registered post should endorse the counterfoil of their allotment letters and forward them to the office at which they applied for their shares, along with a large envelope bearing their full address and postage stamps to the value of 4-1/2 annas.

TRANSFERS.

4. The Bank's Share Registers will be opened for registration of transfers as from the 12th August, 1935; from that date up to and including the 30th September 1935, the local Share Registers for the Western (Bombay), Northern (Delhi), Southern (Madras) and Burma (Rangoon) areas will be maintained at Calcutta, and all correspondence relating to share certificates and their transfers should be addressed to the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Share Transfer Department, Post Box No. 552, Calcutta, and not the offices of the respective areas.

During this period the stamp duty payable on the transfer deeds submitted for registration will be according to the Bengal Stamp (Amendment) Act.

5. Copies of the Bank's Transfer Deeds and Forms of Application for registration of transfers will be available for distribution to shareholders, Scheduled Banks and Brokers on application at any of the Bank's offices on and after the 12th August 1935.

6. Until Local Boards are constituted, their duties and functions under the Bank's General Regulations in respect of the registration and transfer of shares and the settlement of doubts as to the ownership of shares and matters connected therewith will be carried out by the Governor and Deputy Governors of the Bank.

PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS.

7. Mandates from shareholders for the payment of dividends on the bank's shares to their bankers or agents will not be accepted by the bank. All cheques for dividends will be made out in the shareholder's own name and sent to his registered address.—A. P.

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Erratic Movement In Silver

LONDON June 12

We have received the following weekly bullion market report from Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £192,663,934 on the 5th instant, as compared with £192,639,465 on the previous Wednesday.

In the open market about £2,000,000 was offered at the daily fixing during the week and was absorbed by general demand. Following the formation of the new French Government, nervousness on the part of Continental operators has been less apparent and although the sterling prices of gold have included a premium over the gold exchange parities, this premium has become very much smaller.

The government of M. Laval were by a large majority granted full powers till October 31st next to take what measures they considered necessary for the protection of the franc powers which had been refused to their predecessors; whereupon the Government stated that it will deal ruthlessly with the "speculators against the franc."

The Bank of France has announced that for the time being it will cease to make advances against gold.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold registered from mid-day on the 3rd June to mid-day on the 7th June:—

IMPORTS

British South Africa	£2,442,524
British India	26,887
Canada	397,209
Australia	85,175
Netherlands	111,234
France	5,700,741
Switzerland	779,885
Portugal	251,450
British Guiana	9,573
Other countries	13,007
	£9,817,676

EXPORTS.

Channel Islands	£ 62,500
Germany	40,906
Netherlands	73,030
Belgium	372,140
France	174,864
Switzerland	23,279
U. S. A.	3,643,183
Other countries	3,154
	£4,393,056

The Transvaal gold output for May 1935 amounted to 916,035 fine ounces, as compared with 869,956 fine ounces for April 1935 and 898,418 fine ounces for May 1934.

SILVER.

The market has again been unsettled and further wide movements have been seen during the week.

Reselling by China and speculators caused a fall of 9/16d on the 6th instant when quotations were fixed at 32.1/2d for cash and 32.3/4d for two months delivery. There was some support from America at the decline and with the demand from the Indian Bazaars maintained, prices recovered 3/16d the following day.

Yesterday, renewed speculative buying on a rather poorly supplied market was responsible for a rise of 1/2d, quotations being 33.3/16d and 33.7/16d for the respective deliveries; the demand was possibly stimulated by the news from the United States of America that a meeting of the Congressional silver group had been called to discuss the question of raising the price for domestic silver and to formulate plans for combating rumours that the Treasury is contemplating a change in its silver policy. Most of the advance was, however, lost to-day on further China selling.

The undertone of the market is good as there appears to be good resistance to any decline, but movements in the near future may continue to be erratic.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from mid-day on the 3rd June to mid-day on the 7th June:—

IMPORTS.

Australia	£36,109
British India	24,032
Canada	10,695
Soviet Union	85,538
Belgium	27,705
France	9,845
Austria	5,220
Other countries	2,165
	£189,309

EXPORTS

Bombay via other ports	£15,300
Netherlands	26,524
Italy	1,202
Fiji	1,300
Other countries	1,167
	£45,493

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 6th instant to the 12th instant was dol 4.95.3/4 and the lowest dol 4.91.1/4.

Stocks in Shanghai on the 5th instant consisted of about 278,000,000 dollars and 44,800,000 ounces in bar silver as compared with about 200,000 ounces in specie, 277,000,000 dollars and 44,800,000 ounces in bar silver on the 1st instant.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, July 2.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Ready
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 July-Dec.
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 Jan-Mar.
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/16 Mail.
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 5/32 Nov.

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 271 1/2
Banks selling T T 269 1/2
Banks buying T T 266 3/4

PARIS—
Banks selling D D 558
Banks buying D D 568

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 54 1/8

JAVA—
Banks selling D D 53 7/8

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 1/4
Banks buying T T 77 5/8

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 150 1/8

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 107 3/4

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 136

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 90 1/2

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.94 1st inst.
Hongkong/London 2/3 2nd inst.
Shanghai/London Closed 2nd inst.
Japan/London 1/2 5/32 2nd inst.
Java/London 7.19 2nd inst.
London/Paris 74.44 1st inst.
London/Belgium 29.19 1st inst.
London/Switzerland 15.05 1/4 1st inst.
London/Italy 59.53 1st inst.
London/Berlin 12.22 1st inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 1st inst.
London/New York 4.94 1/16 1st inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.23 1/2 1st inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £7-1-4 1/2 29th ulto. £7-1-4 1/2 1st inst.

Silver London Ready 31 1/4 29th ulto. 31 1/4 1st inst.

Silver London Forward 31 1/2 29th ulto. 31 1/2 1st inst.

Silver New York Ready 70 1/4 29th ulto. 70 1/16 1st inst.

London Discounts 3 mos 13/16 p.c. 29th ulto. 5/8 p.c. 1st inst.

London Discounts 6 mos. 13/16 p.c. 29th ulto. 7/8 p.c. 1st inst.

Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1 per cent.

3 Mos 2 per cent.

6 Mos 2 1/4 per cent

Tone: Easy.

Smaller Acreage Indications

New York Cotton Steady On Trade Buying

SPOTTY CROP OUTLOOK AND TIGHT SPOT SITUATION

Market Awaiting Events From Washington

On Monday the New York Cotton Exchange was dull and featureless. Traders are awaiting events from Washington as opposition to administration is increasing. There was fairly good trade support.

The first private estimate issued states that the crop on July 1st gives hopes of 10,520,000 Bales. The area under cotton cultivation is estimated showing an increase of 4½ per cent, which is smaller than generally anticipated.

BOMBAY, July 2

On Monday the New York Cotton futures market was dull and featureless traders are adopting a waiting attitude. Prices declined on favourable weather but later advanced on trade covering.

FOREIGN SELLING

There was fore selling of distant positions on the demand generally slow ng to Mill curtailments. Operators are awaiting events from Washington as opposition to the administration is increasing.

MILL CURTAILMENT

Demand for cloth continues below the present curtailed output and mills are thinking of keeping on the low production during August and closing down for a week during the holidays. In view of uncertainty regarding loans and A.A.A there is less desire to operate at present and prices are fluctuating within a narrow range.

CROP PROSPECTS

Now the American cotton crop is entering the most critical period as weather during the next ten weeks will determine the rate of the crop. The official acreage report will be issued next week and private estimate indicates the crop to 10¼ million bales. This year we have had too much rain during the last two months and there are fears of serious damage by weevil thus the crop will be on the defensive.

NEW YORK MARKET

The market opened at a decline of 2 points with October 11.48 and a further decline of 4 points was registered on foreign selling and October reached the lowest level 11.44 for the day during the first hour. Later on prices advanced on trade buying and a rise of 7 points was recorded. The market closed unchanged for near months while distant deliveries declined 3 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 10 points at 12.25 c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a rise of 2 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 12.10 c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at unchanged prices against an expected decline of 3 points. The market was chiefly professional. Local short covering was counterbalanced by liquidation of near months. Later on business was small with short covering and mixed straddle business. Prices fluctuated within a range of 3 points and finally closed at a decline of 2 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed one point lower at 6.86 d.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at unchanged prices. At the close July was quoted 5.95, October 5.94 and January 5.70.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was easy on increased selling pressure. Skaels futures cosed 3 to 6 points down with spot cotton 5 points lower at 8 d. Uppers futures lost 6 to 7 points and spot cotton prices were reduced by 4 points at 7.32 d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was weak on increased offerings and absence of any support. Sakels futures declined 19 to 16 points but Asmouin futures closed unchanged to 8 points lower.

FUTURE OF A.A.A.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—Note: Favourable weather, mill curtailment and foreign selling was off-set by trade buying. The general expectation seems to be that the acreage estimate will be under 30 million acres on account of recent Western belt wash-outs. Private cables state the passage of A.A.A. in the Senate is expected within a day or two and as soon as this is enacted, a better dry goods demand is anticipated. With the scarcity of contracts, tightness of spot situation, poor crop conditions in Texas and Oklahoma, professional Wall Street operators expect a substantial advance in the price during this month.

On the other hand, mills are reported to be seeking injunction against the Process Tax. It is however, believed unless the pending suit against the A.A.A. for declaring the constitutionality is decided, injunctions are unlikely to be granted by the Court.

The markets are subject to weather and political news pending the acreage report to be issued on Monday next.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest (2-49 p.m.)	11.51+.01
N. Y. October Lowest (10-16 a.m.)	11.44—.06
Liverpool October Highest (10-1 a.m.)	6.15
Liverpool October Lowest (3-15 p.m.)	6.12—.03

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

Liverpool.—There is less disposition to "bull" the market. American yarn market shows no signs of early improvement. Our opinion is that the "short" interest is small, which will rather tell against the market.

Liverpool.—Market quiet and steady. Business small. Contracts scarce. Market awaiting events from Washington. Bullish.

Messrs. Drennan and Co., have received the following cables:—

Messrs. A. Norden and Co., New York cable:—

Smaller acreage indications spotty crop outlook tight spot situation may force gradually higher prices.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York cable:—

Our private reports of July 1st. estimate acreage at 29,100,000. Acreage more than last year by 4.5 per cent. Condition 70.3 per cent, yield 172.6 pounds. Indicated crop 10,520,000 bales.

Copper:—New York December 6.59.

Rubber:—No. 1 New York September 12.57.

Messrs. Orvis Bros and Co., New York cable:—

Supported by mills fixing for July and October. Absence of speculation. Opposition to administration increasing.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled as under:—

America: Cloth sales below production; margins unimproved; Mills continue to curtail, discussing to continue or extend curtailment July August; many to close all holiday week.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled us as under:—

Looks like Distants Liverpool New York will widen on account of news that Export Subsidy is not likely to be adopted.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, July 1

October 1935	11.50
December 1935	11.48—02
January 1936	11.50—02
March 1936	11.51—03
May 1936	11.55—04
Middling Spot	12.25+10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, July 1

July 1935	11.82+03
October 1935	11.48+02
Dec. 1935	11.47
Middling Spot	12.20

NEW YORK.
New York, July 1.

New York, 10-55 a.m.—	
October 1935	11.48
December 1935	11.48
New York, Noon Call—	
October 1935	11.47
December 1935	11.45

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, July 1.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	2,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	5,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	4,000

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, July 1

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—	
July 1935	7.79
October 1935	7.81
November 1935	7.82
January 1936	7.82
March 1936	7.80
May 1936	7.80
F. G. F. Spot	8.00

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 29th June	2,180
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934	2,348,175
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,238,003
Increase	110,172

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Private Estimate

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach & Co. of New York Estimate:—

Our private reports of July 1st. Estimate acreage at 29,100,000. Acreage more than last year by 1.5 per cent. Condition 70.3 per cent. yield 17.26 pounds. Indicated crop 10,520,000 Bales.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 1.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

	Dol.
Amer Forn. Power Com.	4
Amer Forn. Power 7 p.c. P	25
Electric Bond Common	8 1/2
Consolidated Gas	26
Columbia Gas	7
Western Union Telg.	34 1/4
Radio Corp.	6
New York Central	17 1/4
Erie R. R.	9
Great North Pfd.	21
Distillers Seagram	20
Norway 6 p.c. 1944	106 1/4
Bethelehem Steel	27
United States Steel	33 1/2
Int. Nickel of Canada	27
Anaconda Copper Mining	14
Kennecott Copper	17
International Harvester	45
Ford Motors of Canada A	28
General Motor	32 3/4
Socony	12 3/4
Chase Bank	25
National City Bank	24
Sun Life of Canada	400
Celanese Corp. of Amr.	23
Denmark 6 p.c. 1942	103 3/4

Total business 1 million.

Market dull. House of Representatives having defeated Dissolution clause contained in the Anti holding Company's Bill we expect utilities should be strong. Tuesday.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, July 1.

	10-12 a. m. Quotations	To-day Closing
July 1935		6.45—01
August 1935		6.33—01
September 1935		6.23—01
October 1935	6.15	6.18—02
November 1935		6.06—02
December 1935		6.04—02
January 1936		6.03—02
February 1936		6.02—02
March 1936		6.01—02
April 1936		6.00—02
May 1936		5.99—02
June 1936		5.97—02
July 1936		5.95—02
Middling Spot		6.86—01

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, July 1

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.85
Fine (Good Staple)	6.00
Superfine (Good Staple)	6.15
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.95
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	6.10
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	6.25
BENGAL.—	
Good	3.98
Fully Good	4.08
Fine	4.18
SCINDE.—	
Fully Good	4.08
Fine	4.18
Superfine	4.28

SEEDS.
London, July 1.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton July sellers £9/5/0.

Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. ton July/Aug. sellers £11/5/0.

Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. ton July/Aug. sellers £11/15/0

Rapeseed forts (Hull/Cont.) C.I.F. ton July/Aug. sellers £13/0/0.

Castorseed Bombay Hull Cont C.I.F. ton July/Aug. sellers £12/0/0.

LINSEED OIL
London, July 1.

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt. July/Aug. sellers 20/7-1/2.

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt Jan./Apl. sellers 20-10-1/2.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, July 1.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb, sellers 6-1/16.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.
New York, July 1.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9-7/8

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, July 1.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—

c and f Calcutta per cwt.
July-Aug. nominal 6/8 1/4

c and f Bombay per cwt.
July-Aug. sellers 6/5 1/4

c and f Karachi per cwt.
July-Aug. sellers 6/5 1/4

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 1.

July	62 3/4d.
October	64—1/4d.
December	64 1/4—5/8d.
March	64 3/8—1/2d.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 2.

Following unchanged New York cotton futures closing, the local forward cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 216 for Broach A/M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 217/4 on buying by professional operators influenced by small acreage estimate of the American cotton crop.

Professional operators are selling double options and are making fresh purchases. The general feeling in favour of cotton is increasing but it is too early to form any definite opinion pending official acreage report which will be out next Monday.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 3 points and later on was quoted 7 points up which influenced considerable buying and prices recorded further improvement. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach J/A	231 0 0
Broach A/M.	219 0 0
Oomra July	209 12 0
Oomra D/J	197 4 0
Bengal July	143 0 0
Bengal D/J.	141 8 0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.
Bombay, July 2.

	Extra	Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	F.G.	Good
M. G. Bengal.—						
U. P.	...	155	150	146	143	
Panjab	...	155	150	146	143	
Rajputana	...	156	151	147	144	
Oomra No. 3	27	214	210	206	...	
C. P. No. 1	232	229	225	221	...	
C. P. No. 2	223	220	216	212	...	
Broach No. 2	...	240	237	233	228	
Punjab-Ame	...	270	267	263	258	
Surat	...	310	307	303	298	
Rajpipla	...	310	307	303	298	
Navsari	...	315	312	308	303	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, July 2.

Bengal Superfino	162
Bengal Fine	154
Bengal F.G.	146
Sindh-Punjab F G.	146
Sind-Punjab Fine	154
Wardha-Hingt	230
Nagpur Savner	232
Pundhurna	217/218
Yeotmal	217
Arvi	214
Ellichpur	214
Berar	209/211
Khamgaon	211/213
Mulkapur	207/209
Khandesh	205/207
Jalna/Sailu	205/207
Burwah Sanavad	207/209
Broach Fine	235/237
Punjab/American	269/274
Punjab/American mix	249/254
Cambodia	304/309
Compta Good	264/269
Kampala	359
Busoga	357
Jinja	349

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, July 2.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.
Khandesh	...	252,950
Central India	394	107,961
Barsi and Nagar	1	107,669

WEATHER OVER COTTON BELT

East:—Thundershowers.
Central:—Generally fair.
West:—Generally fair.

Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	46,511
Berar	...	400,875
Central Provinces	...	94,675
Total Oomras	335	1,010,661
Dholera	12	188,017
N.-W. Provinces	...	33,337
Rajputana	642	43,997
Sind-Punjab	147	312,396
Broach	...	131,372
Coompta and Dharwar	126	85,559
Westerns Northerns	158	64,996
Cocoanada	...	326
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	83	73,197
Persian	...	2,644
American	...	49,598
Egyptian and African	104	332,131
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	711
Total	1,667	2,349,842

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 27th June.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	113	367,773
Japan and China	2,136	1,068,157
Coast Ports	...	27,783
Up-country by Rail	...	221,632
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	12,028
Total	2,249	1,697,373

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 1-7-35	4348000	7550000
Receipts Yesterday 1-7-35	2000	14000
Exports to date 1-7-35	4781000	7881000
Stock at Ports 28-6-35	1313000	2564000
Stock Interior Towns 28-6-35	201000	1222000
Stock Liverpool 28-6-35	678000	990000
Visible Supply 28-6-35	3713000	5725000
Quantity in sight 28-6-35	7972000	11897000
Quantity out of sight 28-6-35	9577000	12725000

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 1.

Broach J/A. Op 229 1/4; Highest 229 1/4; Lowest 228 1/4; Closing 228 1/2. Broach A/M. Op. 214 3/4; Highest 215 3/4; Lowest 214 3/4; Closing 215 1/2. Oomra July Op. 206; Highest 206 1/2; Lowest 206; Closing 206 1/2. Oomra D/J. Op. 193; Highest 194; Lowest 193; Closing 194. Bengal July Op. 142; Highest 142; Lowest 141 1/2; Closing 141 1/2. Bengal D/J. Op. 140 1/2; Highest 140 1/2; Lowest 140 1/4; Closing 140 1/4. Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 30 3/4. Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-7-35) Rs. 7 1/4.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 2.

The local silver market was weak to-day in the absence of any fresh development. There was increased long liquidation and the recent covering has left the market in an unhealthy state. Professional operators are bearish but we learn that the silver buying programme will be considered next week in America when sudden and sharp rise is likely to follow. In the meantime the market looks like weakening. The market opened to-day at Rs. 74 and declined to Rs. 73-7 on increased selling pressure. Later on there was scattered covering by shorts and prices rallied to Rs. 73-11. The gold market was dull and featureless. Business was restricted and prices fluctuated within a narrow range Shanghai markets were closed to-day.

Quotations in the local market were as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	73 11 0
Aahad delivery	73 14 0
Shravan delivery	74 6 0
Ready gold	34 15 0
Ashad delivery	35 0 0
Shravan delivery	35 1 3

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, July 1.

Spot silver prices remained unchanged to-day at 69 3/4 cents.

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, July 1.

The Montreal silver futures market was closed to-day.

LONDON SILVER.
London, July 1

Market is quiet.
Spot 31-1/4
Forward 31-1/2

LONDON GOLD.
London, July 1

Gold Bars Fine per oz, £7-1-4-1/2

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL.
Bombay, July 2.

LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (buyers) £29-5-0.
Standard Copper Cash (sellers) £29-7-6.
Standard Copper 3 months £29-13-9.
Electrolytic copper £33-5-0.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Blue Eagle unquoted
Non-Blue Eagle 7 1/8 cents.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 29-12-0.
Copper Sheets Rs. 34-8-0.
Copper Ashe Rs. 35-10-0.
Yellow Metal Ashe Rs. 31/2 (nominal)
Tone:—Firm.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, July 1

Bank Bills 3 months market rate a0-5/8 per cent to 0-5/8 per cent
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0-13/16 per cent to 0-7/8 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2-1/8 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 0-1/2 per cent to 0-1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days market loan 0-1/2 per cent to 0-1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, July 1

T. T. London on.—	
Berlin	12.22
Amsterdam	7.23-1/4
Brussels	29.19
Madrid	35.94
Milan	59.53
Berne	15.05-1/4
Paris	74.44
Prague	117.75
T. T. London on New York Closing rate	4.96-1/16

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, July 1.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent	70-1/2 Nominal
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	85-1/2
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent 1931 or later	98
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
Consols 2 1/2 per cent.	85-1/2
Conversion Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 1961	108-1/8
War Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	106-1/2
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	103-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	116-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14-5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	124
National Bank of India	33-3/8
P. & O. Banking Corporation	9-3/4

LONDON METALS.
London, July 1.

	£
Copper Brazeos	42-3/4
Yellow Metal	36-1/8
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	14-1/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge	12 3/4
Tinplate (spot) Liverpool F. O. R.	228

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, July 1.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels July sellers 23/3
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels July sellers 23/3
South Australian Wheat parcels July sellers 25/3

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, July 2.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-12.
S. S. Gogra Rs. 4-1.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 4-1-3.
Shipment Oct-Dec. Rs. 4-1-9.
Kesar Rs. 14-4.
Saraya Rs. 13-13.
Sarjugar Rs. 13-12.
Java Spot 14-06.

Tired Liquidation In Shares

Steel Shares Give Way

ACTIVE DEMAND FOR MILL SHARES

BOMBAY, July 2.

The Stock Exchange authorities are again reported to be investigating into the causes of the present weakness and some members were summoned to explain their position, in view of alleged heavy short sales. This official interference is damping general enthusiasm and in the absence of any outside support, the market is becoming dull and uninteresting.

Professional operators are afraid of being caught on the wrong side and are holding aloof. General business has considerably decreased and month-end carring load being reduced, budli differences were narrow.

The market opened at about unchanged rates and steadily declined on tired liquidation. At the decline there was some covering which resulted in temporary improvement, but renewed selling resulted in decline in Tata Steel shares. There was active enquiry for mill as a result of improvement in raw cotton prices. Cement shares were steady and Bellapur Sugar shares improved on good support.

TEXTILE MILLS
BOMBAY, July 2.

100	Ahm. Advance	297 8
500	Bom. Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	822 8
250	Bradbury	108 12
100	Century	267 8
100	Central India	307 8
100	Colaba	140 0
100	Coorla	95 0
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	365 0
1	E D Sassoon	0 3 3
100	Finlay	111 14
100	Gokak	196 14
1000	Hindustan	1,655 0
100	Indore	66 4
50	Kastoorchand	0 3
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	202 3
250	Laxmi	660 0
100	Madhavji	5 0
250	Madras United	45 0
1000	Morarji	800 0
250	Model	49 6
50	Mysore	100 0
200	New Great	141 4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, July 2.

Century (262/8) 267/8
Bom. Dyeing 818 810 816 812 820 818 830 828 822
Central India (393/2) 307/8
New Great (136/4) 141/4
Simplex (76/4) 76/14
Swadeshi (165/10) 172/8
Bundi (38/6) 38/6
I. Cement (428/12) 423/12
Punjab (28/4) 28/4
Shahabad (496/4) 495
Andhra 1740 1732 1737 1735 1740 1736 1747, 1745 1741
Tata Power 1622 1612 1617 1610 1622 1620 1625 1617 1616
T. Steel Dfd. 640 635 636 628 635 631 640 637 628 625
T. Steel Ord. 149 148 148/8 149/4 147/12 147/4
Bellapur (328/12) 336/4
B. Steam (301/4) 303/2
B. Burma (340) 345

100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	317 8
25	Sassoon Silk	38 0
1000	Sholapur	2,300 0
50	Simplex	76 14
100	Swadeshi	172 8
100	Swan	85 0
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1360 0
1000	Western	850 0
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	99 8
25-50	Central	39 2
500	Imperial	1562 8
125-500	Im. Con.	391 4
50-100	India	121 8
5	Union	5 7
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	38 6
70	Gwalior	132 8
160	Indian	427 8
40	Katni Dfd.	1670 0
100	Katni Ord.	423 12
75	Okha	260 0
10	Punjab	28 4
100	Shahabad	495 0
70	United	106 0
	INSURANCE	
15-100	Jupiter	12 2
15-75	New India	44 12
200	Oriental	4460 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 12
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	157 8
100	Andhra Valley	1741 4
10	Ajmer	10 12
50	Bombay Tram	151 4
100	Bombay Suburban	177 8
10	Broach	11 2
100	Karachi	230 0
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	196 0
100	Tata Hydro	179 11
1000	Tata Power	1616 4
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahm. Prantij	870 0
100	Amr. Patty	121 0
100	C. Province	86 14
100	Dhond Baramati	94 0
100	Gujarat	72 0
100	Mandra Bhon	94 0
100	Pachora Jamner	94 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	92 0
500	Tapty Valley	772 8
	MININGS	
10	Shivrajpur	29 12
30	Tata Steel def.	625 0
75	Tata Steel Ord.	147 4
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	Alcock	162 8
50	Belapur Sugar	336 4
250	Bombay Steam	303 2
125	Bombay Burma	346 0
50	Bombay Burma Conty	113 12

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS.
Bombay, July 2.

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 95/5
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 95/5
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 106/12
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 106/12
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/10
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/11

TAX FREES.

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 103/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/8
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).

3 per cent 1941 101/3
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 103/8
4 per cent 1943 106/9
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 113/12
5 per cent 1939/44 108/4
5 per cent 1940/43 109/14
5 per cent 1935 100/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 106/6
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 100/12

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 103/8
4 per cent M Deb 1976 103
5 per cent M Deb 1959 114/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 126/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 126/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 95/8 and declined to Rs. 95/2/6 on realising but prices again improved on renewed buying tone. Firm.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, July 2.

3 per cent India Sterling Loan 85 1/2
3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 98
3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1954/59 105 3/8
4 per cent India Sterling Loan 1948/53 108 1/4
4 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1950/55 113
4 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1958/68 116 1/2
5 per cent India Sterling Loan 1945/47 115
5 1/2 per cent India Sterling Loan 1936/38 104 7/8
6 per cent India Sterling Loan 1935/37 101 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols 85 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion 108 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan 106 1/2

WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
October 114 December 97 January 94 March 88 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/4.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 216—Liverpool July 6.48 Rs. 52 3/4 at Exchange 106.
Broach A/M. 1936 216—Liverpool May 1936 6.00 Rs. 47 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1936 216—New York May 11.55 Rs. 45 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/4.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, July 2.

	cwts.
Wheat	12,052
Linseed	2,704
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	7
Gingellyseed	335
Groundnuts	2,190
Castorseed	196
Rice	1,074
Myrabollams	32
Cottonseed	634
Mowraseed	942
Gram	1,780
Joowar	1,985
Barley	618
Bajree	670
	tons.
Coal	2,925

8	Sh. Br. B. Petrol	3 3 3
50	Bombay Telephone	111 8
100	Indian Bleaching	120 10
100	Ind. Radio Defd.	512 8
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	502 8
1000	Port Canning	600 0
15	Scindia	11 14
30	Premier Construction	23 4
25	Tata Oil	18 2
	PREFERENCE.	
7	p c Andhra Valley	1935 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	288 4
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	31 4
5	p.c. Central India	307 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	195 0
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	163 12
7 1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	141 14
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1382 8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	170 4
7½	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd X. D.	165 4
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	18-0
7	p.c. Vishnu	160 8

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1935

Delhi Sessions Court Guarded By Police

Accused Get Death Sentences For Foul Murders

NEW DELHI, July 2.

The curtain was dropped to-day on the two most sensational trials in the history of criminal prosecutions in Delhi when Mr. Mirza Abdulrab, the Sessions Judge, after a continuous hearing for over a month, delivered judgment, in the Rama Pratap and Gulalchand murder cases.

Abdul Satar the principal accused in the Rama Pratap murder case also figured in the Gulalchand murder case which was taken up separately.

In the Rama Pratap case Abdul Satar was sentenced to death and Abdul Gaffoor and Roshan Din the other accused were acquitted getting the benefit of the doubt.

In the Gulalchand murder case Abdul Gaffoor was sentenced to death while Abdul Satar and Abdul Majid were acquitted.

The court compound was guarded and the public were not allowed inside.—United Press.

STORY OF CRIME

The prosecution story briefly was that one Ram Pratap who had earned several lacs of rupees by selling cocaine was known to a notorious gang of dacoits of which Abdul Sattar of the Jumma Bomb Case, whose name is a household word in this province, his brother Ghaffoor, and Roshan Din were members.

Gulal Chand, a local Advocate, who was a party with Abdul Sattar, the principal accused in the case, got a pro-note Rs. 25,000 from Ram Pratap. The gang however connived to get rid of Ram Pratap.

In furtherance of a secret meeting in March, 1931, Abdul Sattar brought Ram Pratap and Gulal Chand to a motor workshop, which he was running at Nicholson Road, Delhi. Once within the room Ram Pratap got the greatest surprise of his life when Abdul Sattar, Ghaffoor and Roshan Din strangled him to death with a rope while Gulal Chand pointed a revolver. The corpse was then taken and thrown to a canal near Ghaziabad. The dead body could not be recovered and the case baffled all police efforts to trace out the culprits.

The case, however, came to light during the investigation of the murder of Gulal Chand, who was a party to the murder of Ram Pratap himself, last year by the same accused on his failure to distribute the sum of Rs. 25,000 among the members of the gang. —United Press.

Both the Right and Left-Wing labourers celebrated "May Day" in Japan, but independent of each other, by organising processions and holding meetings separately. A group of Left-Wing Communists parading the Tokio streets with red banners held aloft, and singing the International.

WHEN JUDGES DIFFER

Murder Case From Chota Nagpur Referred To Patna Chief Justice

PATNA, July 1.

At the conclusion of the hearing of a sensational death reference made by the Judicial Commissioner of Chota Nagpur, Mr. Justice Wort and Mr. Fazl Ali, J.J., who heard the case, differed and it was referred to the Hon. the Chief Justice with their respective observations.

The accused Mangra Uraon and Bandhu Uraon, were charged under section 302 of the Indian Penal Code with the murder of Ghura Uraon, all these persons belonging to the village of Ghattha, police station Gumla in the district of Ranchi. The post mortem examination showed that the deceased was hacked to pieces by his assailants.

From Mangra's person a wrap was recovered on which no less than 20 places have been marked as appearing to be stained with blood. These places were cut out by the chemical analyser who found them to be stained with drops of blood. From Bandhu's house, a 'dhoti' was alleged to have been recovered containing four blood stains.—

Mr. Justice Wort delivering judgment observed that he did not find sufficient evidence to justify the convictions and was of the opinion that the reference should be discharged.

Mr. Justice Fazl Ali in a separate judgment was of contrary opinion and held that the reference should be accepted.

Mr. Justice Wort ordered that the case he laid before the Chief Justice.—United Press.

Mr. William Ghere, author and director of a play in which Hitler's picture is torn from the wall, was recently kidnapped by some hooligans, forcibly taken to Hollywood Hills in a car, and there severely assaulted.

VICEROY NOT TO ADDRESS ASSEMBLY

Joint Session Of Both Houses To Be Addressed On Sept. 2

SIMLA, July 2.

It is understood that the original idea of the Viceroy delivering an inaugural address to the Assembly on September 2 has been abandoned and His Excellency will now address the joint session of both Houses on September 16. —A.P.

PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE

Secretary & Superintendent Tour Satara District

Mr. D. W. Raut, Honrary Secretary, and Mr. R. M. Talpade, Superintendent of the Provincial Co-operative Institute, Bombay toured through the Satara District during the last week.

They visited the Branches of the Provincial Co-operative Bank at Koregian Karad, Islampur and Kirlosakrwadi. Meetings of the Branch Advisory Committees were held at Koregaon and Kirloskarwadi. At Islampur they attended a Managing Committee meeting of Satara Dist. Branch of the Institute and on their way back they visited the Maharastra Divisional Branch and Poona District Branch.

Earlier in the week Mr. Talpade visited the Sholapur District Branch where he attended a meeting of the Managing Committee and also addressed a meeting of Co-operative workers called by the District Branch.

"Germany has the highest marriage rate—over 10 per thousand of the population—in Europe. The next are Poland with 8.3, Holland and Italy with 7.6, England with 7 and France with 6.9.

FIROZABAD RIOTS

U. P. Congress Committee To Inquire Into Incident

NEW DELHI, July 2.

Information has been received here that the U.P. Congress Committee has appointed a Committee consisting of Sjt. Sri Prakash the president of the U.P. Congress Committee, Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, M.L.A., Rafi Ahmed Kidawai to inquire into Firozobad riot. Mr. S. K. D. Paliwal will act as Secretary.

It is understood that the Committee which will record statements of all victims, eye witnesses and prominent residents has started the preliminary work already.—United Press.

MAIL-BAG ROBBERY MYSTERY SOLVED

Police Seize Rs. 3,000 Notes In Village Raods

MOTIHARI, July 1.

Babu Balbhadar Prasad Sinha, Sub-Inspector, Raxaul, who had been keeping a regular watch on suspected persons of his Elaka regarding the Neepal mail bag robbery near Sukhchaina, 6 miles north of Raxaul, mobilised a large police party from the surrounding thanas yesterday morning and made simultaneous searches of several houses in village Purandara Siswa and has recovered Government-currency notes for Rs. 3,000 (each Rs. 1,0000 from the house of Elakat Mia of Purándara.

It is stated that Elakat has made a confession disclosing the name of the gang of seven men. Elakat, Dhansai and Keshwar Dafedar have been arrested and the remaining four accused are absconding.

Further investigation is proceeding to trace the whole gang. —United Press.

BOOK ON COMMUNISM PROSCRIBED

PATNA, July, 1.

"What Is Communism"—a booklet in English by Akrur Dutt printed and published by Prabhat Sen from Ganavani Publishing House, Calcutta has been proscribed by the Government of Bihar and Orissa.—United Uress.

Mr. Ram Coomar Bangur, a merchant of Calcutta, has given a cheque for Rs. 82,000 and 3½ per cent Government securities to the value of Rs. 2.00,000 as a contribution towards the proposed tuberculosis sanatorium at Kalimpong.

Viceroy's 'No' To Sind Deputation

CAN'T MEET IN QUETTA

But Will Be Pleased To Receive It At Karachi

LARKANA, July 1.

In response to Mr. Lalchand Navalrai's telegram to the Viceroy seeking permission to see His Excellency at Quetta, the Private Secretary has wired back to Mr. Lalchand that His Excellency is unable to receive a deputation of the Sind Hindus and Muslim members of the Assembly, when in Quetta, but will be pleased to do so at 11 O'clock at the Government House, Karachi.

Mr. Lalchand has wired back to the Secretary as under:—

"Bringing matters to His Excellency's notice on the spot very essential. Please request His Excellency to give the deputation even a short time at Quetta. But if impossibe meeting at Karachi." —United Press.

PROBLEMS OF QUETTA'S FUTURE

C.-In-C. To Visit Ruined City

SIMLA, July 1.

The Associated Press understands that H. E. the Commander-in-Chief leaves Simla to-morrow for Quetta. It is further understood that the object of his visit is to see conditions on the spot and discuss matters with local authorities before dealing at headquarters with various large problems that arise regarding the future of Quetta.

His Excellency returns to Simla on 6th July.—A. P.

AGRA PROTESTS AGAINST "QUETTA BAN"

Committee Formed For Collection Of Funds For Victims

(From A Correspondent).

AGRA, June 29.

A public meeting of the citizens of Agra, under the presidentship of Seth Achal Singh, President, Agra Congress Committee, was held to-day for expressing sympathy with the Quetta earthquake sufferers.

PROTEST AGAINST QUETTA BAN

The meeting protested against the Viceroy's order prohibiting the entry of such trusted and respected leaders of the country as Mahatma Gandhi and Babu Rajendra Prasad into the earthquake stricken area. In the third resolution the Government was requested not to delay the salvage operations any further.

COMMITTEE FOR COLLECTIONS

A strong committee of the citizens has been formed here to collect funds for the sufferers. Seth Achal Singh is the president of the sub-committee. Dr. Raghubir Dayal Chaturvedi, secretary, and Mr. Suraj Bhan Jasoria, the treasurer.

The collection of the funds will commence from to-day and all the money thus collected will be sent to Rajen Babu, the President of the Central Relief Committee.

Quetta Day At Nasik

(From Our Correspondent)

NASIK, July 1.

The Quetta Day was observed here in the city as well as all over the district with the solemnity and earnestness that the occasion demanded. A largely attended meeting was held in the "Loksatia" Hall yesterday evening under the auspices of the District Congress Committee with Mr. Dadasaheb Gadre in the chair. Mr. Govindrao Deshpande delivered an impressive speech exhorting the citizens to make generous contributions to the Quetta Relief Fund. The D. C. C. has resolved to collect funds and send to the Central Committee.

The monthly flag salutation ceremony was performed in the city in the morning yesterday, under the auspices of the District Congress Committee.

QUETTA'S NEED IN GREATER

Bombay Committee's Appeal

The Honorary Secretaries of the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee have issued the following appeal:

Our hearty thanks are due to the citizens of Bombay for the very generous and spontaneous response they have given to our Committee's appeal for Quetta Relief Fund. Within less than a fortnight's time our Committee has been able to collect Rs. 60,000 without much pressure on any particular section of the society.

THEIR NEED IS GREATER

But this is neither all nor enough. The need of the sufferers of the Quetta catastrophe is much greater and very urgent. The work of reconstruction and rehabilitation is bound to be a very stupendous task and enormously expensive too. We have yet to pull our strength together and make intensive efforts to increase the collections.

"QIETTA COLECTION DAY"

The Committee has, therefore, decided that next Friday, the 5th of July, should be observed in the City of Bombay as "Quetta Collection Day." Collections, big and small, will be made on this day on a mass scale. With a view to make it possible for each and every individual to contribute his or her humble mite to this fund, a uniform coupon of the token value of one rupee has been issued and thousands of these will be sold in every part of the city on next Friday.

Besides the coupons, collections will be made by means of sealed boxes which will be moved mainly in the business quarters of the city.

APPEAL TO PUBLIC

We have to earnestly appeal to the public of Bombay once again to realise the gravity of the Quetta situation and generously respond to the Congress President's appeal for popular collection. Our Committee expects and hopes that the public of Bombay will rise to the supreme importance of the occasion, and make the mass collections on next Friday a huge success.

FATE OF S. P. C. A. QUETTA BRANCH

Reconstructed Building Completely Wrecked

SIMLA, June 28.

"This year showed a marked advance in several directions," said Mrs. A. H. Lloyd, Honorary Secretary Simla Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, at the Annual General Meeting last evening. Mr. J. A. Mackeown, presided.

After passing the annual Report and the Statement of Accounts and election of office-bearers, for the year Mrs. Lloyd read a letter from the Honorary

(Continued in column 2.)

ANXIETY FOR JAWAHARLAL

Panditji Reported To Have Lost 15 Pounds In Jail

ALLAHABAD, July 2.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to have lost 15 pounds in weight in jail, which is causing great anxiety to his friends and relatives. He is however keeping cheerful.

Panditji is anxious about Mrs. Kamla's health although news of the successful operation came as a great relief to him.

"FRONTIER GANDHI" LOSES WEIGHT

Sequel To Oppressive Heat At Ahmedabad

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 2.

On account of the unfavourable atmosphere and severe heat, the "Frontier Gandhi" who is undergoing his term of imprisonment in the Sabarmati Jail has been reduced in weight by eight pounds more during the last month.

He was given a copy of the "Times of India" but after two days he refused it.

RAJENDRA PRASAD'S PUNJAB PROGRAMME

LAHORE, July 1.

Babu Rajendra Prasad will go through a crowded programme on 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th July, before concluding his Punjab programme. He leaves early to-morrow morning by car on visits to Gujranwala, Sialkot, Amritsar, Kartarpur, Jullundur, Phillaur, Ludhiana, Khanna, Ambala City and Cantonment, Karnal etc.

In most of the places he will stay only a few hours and will address public meetings.—A. P.

The Viceroy is likely to pay a flying visit to Allahabad about July 24

(Continued from Col. 7).

Secretary, Quetta S. P. C. A., in course of which it was stated:

FATE OF QUETTA BRANCH

"I think you would like to hear something of the fate of the Quetta Branch of the S. P. C. A., after the recent earthquake. The infirmary is situated more or less on the line followed by the greatest intensity of the shock and has been completely destroyed. Of our staff, the dispenser with his wife and child, the caretaker and his child were killed. The veterinary assistant luckily escaped with fairly minor injuries and the sweepers were very lucky in their escape. I have been unable to ascertain the fate of the police inspector and constable employed by the branch, but as the major portion of the local police force was exterminated, I can only think that they perished when the police lines and barracks collapsed.

A PATHETIC TALE

As you know, during the last four years very extensive rebuilding has been carried out in our infirmary. It is really pathetic. I do not think any of the area will ever be of any use again. The whole place will have to be re-built and I think on a different site. The only buildings standing are some new stables finished at the end of last year and they are badly cracked. Some of the equipment has been salvaged, but our losses have been very considerable as the hospital was particularly well equipped.

ACTIVITIES HELD UP

Women are now being evacuated from Quetta and I have to go to England at the end of July. There will be few, if any families left in Quetta, and I am very sorry to have to give up the work for the time. The branch's activities will have to be held in abeyance until the future of Quetta is decided. It is unthinkable that the branch should permanently close down, but if it is ever to operate again on the scale necessary, considerable financial aid will have to be forthcoming from outside.

PUBLIC MUST HELP

My minimum estimate for rebuilding the infirmary is Rs. 20,000, and any public help that may be forthcoming in this direction would be most welcome.

Of the animals in the infirmary at the time of the earthquake a number of donkeys were killed by falling buildings, but all ponies and dogs escaped uninjured".—A. P.

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